# FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

VOL. XVIII] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 13, 1833. [NO. 845.


PRINTED ... LISHED, WEEKLY,
By ... d J. Hale,
... $2 50 ... if paid in advance; ... the year of subscrip- ... the end of the year.

ADVERT... inserted for sixty cents ... square ... & thirty cents for each ... ceeding ... Advertisers are request- ... to state ... of insertions desired, or ... will ... till forbid, and charged ... ording ...

Letters to ... must be post paid.

## More ... BOOKS.

USH'S M... a residence at the Court ... of London ... m; The Buccaniers; Em- ... Whigs of ... Stolen child; Kidd's Trea- ... ; No. 9 ... containing the Monas- ... ; Vol. 3 ... Scott's Novels; Luther- ... Reformation ... of Private Life; The Mo- ... at home ...

August 5, ... E. J. HALE.

## LUMBER.

5,000 ... LUMBER, consisting of ... quarter Boards and Scantling ... different sizes, for sale by the Subscriber, who ... keep a constant supply of the various kinds at ... Lumber Yard ... Spring street.

Fayetteville, ... M. McGARY. 44-tf.

## ... Wanted,

A STEADY ... YOUNG MAN, who has some ... knowledge ..., to take charge of a ... re in this place. ... particulars apply to the ... bscriber.

... JOHN CRUSOE.

Fayetteville, ... 1833. 44 4w.

## ... Negroes Wanted.

THE Subscriber ... es to purchase 30 or 40 ... likely Young ..., for whom the highest ... h prices will ...

... NEILL JOHNSON.

Fayetteville, ... tf

## ... Taken Up,

BY Peter Stan... , and entered on the es- ... tray Book of ... nd County, a sorrel Fil- ... with a blaze ..., her mane mixed with ... ttle white hair ... hind foot white up to ... fet lock, four ... gh, and supposed to be ... ut twelve months ... last April, and valued at ... lve dollars and ... cents.

... NOBLE, *Ranger*.

Rockingham, ... 1833. 44-2t.

## *Medical College of S. Carolina.*

THE CHAIRS ... atomy, of Surgery, of Ob- ... stetrics and ... eases of Women and Chil- ... en, of Materia ..., and of Chemistry, in the ... dical College ... th Carolina, being vacant, ... Board of Tr... under the superintendance ... he Medical ... of South Carolina, will, on FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER NEXT, ... ceed to fill the ... Candidates ... ove Chairs will please to ... lress their ... Application, (post paid) to ... Chairman ... ard of Trustees.

W. NORTH, *M. D.*
*Chairman Board of Trustees*
A. HAGER, *Secretary*.
Charleston, ... 44 3w.

## *Medical College of Georgia.*

THE LECTURES ... in this Institution situated at ... Augusta, will commence *on the third Mon- ... y, (the 21st ... of next October*, and continue for ... months

The Professors are: ... A. Dugas, M. D.—Of Anatomy and Physiolo- ... gy. ... s. A. Eve, M. ... Therapeutics and Materia ... Medica. ... D. Ford, M. ... istry and Pharmacy. ... Antony, M. ... etrics and Diseases of ... Women and ... Cunningham, ...—Institutes and Practice ... of Medicine. ... ul F. Eve, M. ... titutes and Practice of ... Surgery. ... nd George ... M. D.—Prosector and ... Demonstrator of ... my.

In addition to ..., Clinical Lectures will ... delivered in the ... Hospital, and every fa- ... ity afforded the ... for practical experience.

The fees are, for the six Tickets ... $100
... tion, ... $10
... ulation, ... $5

Good Board, ... lodging, may be obtained at ... 3 per month.

For particulars ... Circular, issued in June.

AUGUSTUS B. LONGSTREET,
President of Board of Trustees.

L. D. FORD, ... Secretary.
Augusta, July 9, 1833. 44-6w.



THE ... LOODED HORSE
## PE... PINDER,

WILL stand ... suing season, to commence ... on the 20... , and end on the first of No- ... mber, one ... m Fayetteville, at 10, 15, ... d 20 dollars ... as customary.

PETER is a ... bay horse, 15½ hands high, ... ell formed ... digree as follows. He was ... red by ..., he by old Archie, his dam ... as W... ired by Virginius, he by Di- ... mede. ... was Morgiana, who was by ... e impo... Eagle, her dam by Melger, ... r g. d... g. dam by Little Davy, g. ... g. dam ... Traveller, g. g. g. g. dam ... the same ... her g. g. g. g. g. dam was ... e importe... lin Face. Melger was sired ... old Me... am by Wildair, g. dam by ... mpire out ... isher; Witch is also half sis- ... to the celeb... are Transport, the dam of ... rtrand, Juli... liet. Letters and certifi- ... tes of the Pedi... my possession. Applica- ... ns to Mr. J... Jr., Fayetteville.

August ... M. R. MOORE.
§44-4w.§

## ...TER For sale by

R. MAYNARD & CO.
42tf.

The Subscriber wishes to purchase
**5000** lbs. new Feathers,
—ALSO—
**5000** lbs. Wool, for which liberal prices will be given.
WILL. O. JEFFREYS.
tf.

## NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving a new supply of

## DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING, VIZ:

Extra blue, black, invisible green, mulberry, brown and mixt Cloths;—a variety of Silks, Fancy Prints, Ginghams, Fancy Muslins, Shirtings, Sheetings, Hats, Shoes, &c.

### *For Rent,*

A Two story DWELLING HOUSE, on one of the principal streets, a few minutes walk from the Market House. It has recently been fitted up suitably for a genteel family. In the yard, is a well of water as good as any in the vicinity of Fayetteville, in rear of the building is an excellent garden under cultivation.

JOHN McARN.
July 30, 1833. 43-tf.

## NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of

**E. & I. BLAKE,**

Was dissolved on the 27th day of April last, by mutual consent. The business of the concern will be settled by Edmund Blake.

EDMUND BLAKE.
ISHAM BLAKE, Jr.

ALL Persons indebted to the above Firm, are requested to call and settle the same without delay. EDMUND BLAKE.
July 25, 1833. 43-4w.

## RAW HIDES.

THE Subscribers have now on hand about one thousand pounds of HIDES, which they would exchange on reasonable terms for Cash or Country Produce. They expect to keep up as usual a supply of the article through the Winter and Spring. I. BLAKE & SON.
*July* 29, 1833. 43-3t

### *LEATHER.*

A Supply of Saddle, Bridle, Skirting and upper *Shoe* **LEATHER**, kept constantly on hand for sale by

GEO. W. RAGLAND & CO.
July 30, 1833. 43-tf.

## Sunday School Depository.

THE Subscriber has just received a large assortment of

***Sunday School Books,***

Comprising a few copies of nearly every work issued by the American Sunday School Union, which will be sold very low. Orders from Sunday Schools thankfully received.

E. J. HALE.
*June* 10, 1833.

## Blanks for sale at the Book Store.

## PENSION OFFICE.

*Fayetteville, July* 26. 1833.

NOTICE to persons entitled to receive the arrears of pension due to deceased pensioners and to persons under the care of guardians.

In case of the death of any pensioner, the arrears of pension due to him at the time of his death will be paid,

1st. To the widow of the deceased pensioner, or to her attorney, proving herself to be such, *before a Court of Record*.

2d. If there be no widow, then to the child or children of the deceased pensioner, or to his, her or their attorney, if of lawful age; or to his, her or their guardian or his attorney if they are minors, upon proof before a *Court of Record*, of the necessary facts in each case.

3d. If there be no widow, child or children, then the amount due such pensioner at the time of his death, will be paid to the legal representatives of the deceased.

When an executor or administrator shall apply for the pension due to a deceased person he must furnish a certificate of the Clerk of the Court, stating that he is duly authorized to act in that capacity, on the estate of the deceased pensioner, and that it has been proved to his satisfaction, that there is no widow, child nor children of the said pensioner living.

In all cases of deceased pensioners, the original pension certificate, must be surrendered, or other substantial evidence of the identity of the person to whom the pension claimed was due, must be produced, in case such certificate cannot be obtained for surrendry; and that due search and inquiry have been made for said certificate, and that it cannot be found. The date of said pensioner's death must be proved before a *Court of Record*.—A certificate of the facts proved, must be obtained from the Clerk of the Court; it is not necessary for the Clerk to give the evidence in detail, but only to state the facts that have been proved, and certify under his seal of office, that the testimony was satisfactory to the Court.

When a pensioner is placed under guardianship, the guardian applying for a pension, must in addition to the evidence of the pensioner's identity, deposite a certificate from the Clerk of the Court, that he is *at that time*, acting in that capacity, and also, satisfactory evidence, that his ward was living at the date the pension claimed became due. The identity of the pensioner in such cases, must be established under the form as follows:

State of North Carolina, }
——— *County*. }

Be it known, that before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for said County, personally appeared guardian of and made oath in due form of law, that the said is still living, and is the identical person named in the original certificate, in his possession, of which (I certify) the following is a true copy.

[Here insert a copy of his certificate of pension.]

That he now resides in and has resided there for the space of years past, and that previous thereto he resided in *

——— ———, *Guardian*.

Sworn and subscribed this day of 18 , before me,
*J. P.*

* Insert former place of residence.

These regulations have been prescribed by the Accounting Officer of the Treasury Department, and will take effect from and after the 4th September 1833. JOHN HUSKE, *Agent*.

July 27, 1833. §43-3w.§

☞ The Editors of the Register and Star, Raleigh; Rutherford Spectator; Watchman, Salisbury; Spectator, Milton; Spectator, Newbern; Star, Elizabeth City, will please give the above three insertions and forward their accounts to the Agent at Fayetteville.

## NOTICE
### To United States Pensioners
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

THE following Forms have been prescribed by the accounting officer of the Treasury Department, under date of the 10th June, 1833—who requires that they be strictly conformed to.—In case of insertion above the line, erasures, or any other defect in writing the forms, they should be certified to as having been made before signing, as in the case of Deeds. It is material that the name of the Attorney in the body of the Power should be correctly spelt, or spelt as he signs it. These Forms will be required on and after the 4th of September next.

Pensioners making personal application, will be furnished with the necessary papers (having with them the Pension Certificate) as heretofore, at the Office of the Bank.

JOHN HUSKE, *Agent*,
*Office Bank United States, Fayetteville.*
July 22, 1833.

State of North Carolina, } *ss.*
——— *County*. }

Be it known, that before me (A. B.) a Justice of the Peace in and for the County aforesaid, personally appeared (C. D.) and made oath in due form of law, that he is the identical person named in the original certificate in his possession, of which (I certify) the following is a true copy.

(Here insert a copy of his Certificate of pension, taking care that the name of the Pensioner as spelt in the Certificate is so spelt by the party signing the affidavits and the Power of Attorney.)

that he now resides in —— County, and has resided there for the space of —— years past; and that previous thereto he resided in —— *

Sworn and subscribed this —— day of —— 18 —, before me, } C. D.
A. B. *J. P* }

* Here insert his former place of residence.

Know all men by these presents, that I, (C. D.) of ——, Revolutionary Pensioner of the United States, do hereby constitute and appoint ——, my true and lawful Attorney, for me, and in my name, to receive from the Agent of the United States for paying Pensions in Fayetteville, State of North Carolina, my pension from the —— day of —— 183 ——, to the —— day of —— 183 ——. Witness my hand and seal, this —— day of —— 183 ——

C. D. [*L. S.*]

Sealed and delivered in the presence of }
E. F.

State of North Carolina, } *ss.*
——— *County*. }

Be it known, that on the —— day of —— 183 —, before the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace in and for said County, personally appeared C. D., above named, and acknowledged the foregoing Power of Attorney to be his act and deed. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand the day and year last above mentioned.

A. B. *J. P.*

I ——, Clerk of the Court of —— County, certify that A. B. is a Magistrate as above, and that the foregoing signature, purporting to be his, is genuine. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto affixed my seal of office, and subscribed my name, this —— day of —— in the year 183 —.

G. H.
*Clerk of the Court of —— County.*

State of North Carolina, } *ss.*
——— *County*. }

Be it known, that on the —— day of —— 183 —, before the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace, in and for said County, personally appeared ——, the Attorney named in the foregoing Power of Attorney, and made oath that the same was not given him by reason of any sale, transfer or mortgage of the pension, or arrears of pension therein authorised to be received by him.

C. D.

Sworn and subscribed the day and year last above mentioned, before me.

A. B. *J. P.*

When a Pensioner has neglected for one year, or more, to claim his pension, additional proof of his identity will be required:—this additional proof will be furnished agreeably to the subjoined form:

State of North Carolina, }
——— *County*. }

I, —— a Magistrate in the County above named, do hereby certify, that I have the most satisfactory evidence viz:* —— that —— who has this day appeared before me to take the oath of identity, is the identical person named in the Pension Certificate which he has exhibited before me, numbered —— and bearing date at the War Office, the —— day of —— 18 ——, and signed by —— Secretary of War.

Given under my hand at —— on the day and year above written.

A. B. *J. P.*

*Here state what the evidence is—whether personal knowledge, or the affidavits of respectable persons giving their names.

*Note.*—When the Pensioner is personally known to the Agent, the above form will be dispensed with.

*July* 26. 42-4w.

☞ The Editors of the Register and Star, Raleigh; Rutherford Spectator; Watchman, Salisbury; Spectator, Milton; Spectator, Newbern; Star, Elizabeth City, will please give the above three insertions and forward their accounts to the Agent at Fayetteville.

## Books and Stationary.

THE Subscriber is now receiving a large stock of Miscellaneous, Medical, Law, School, and Blank Books; Gilt and perfumed Letter and note Paper; Laid, vellum and plain Letter and Cap Papers, Fine Cutlery, Prints, Piano Music, &c. &c., selected by himself in New York and Philadelphia, which he will sell low; many articles he believes at a lower price than they can be had at any Book Store in the State. Country Merchants will be supplied at reasonable prices.

In offering to the public a larger stock of Books than has been seen in Fayetteville for many years, the subscriber confidently anticipates an increase of that liberal patronage which the public have extended to foster a respectable establishment of this kind in the chief commercial Town of North Carolina. No exertion will be spared to make it worthy of that patronage.

E. J. HALE.
April 8.

## CHEAP PAPER,

For sale at the Fayetteville Book Store.

## PENSIONER'S BLANKS

For sale at this Office.

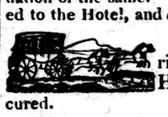


## LAFAYETTE HOTEL.

***Fayetteville, N. Carolina.***

THE Subscriber has leased the New Building erected near the site of the old Lafayette Hotel, on Hay Street, and is now prepared to accommodate Boarders and Travellers. The House is commodious, well ventilated and admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is intended. The Parlors are large, well furnished, and calculated for private families. The Stables, spacious, and shall be well provided.

The Subscriber feels thankful to his friends and the public for the patronage he has already received, and will endeavor by care and attention to the comfort of his guests, to merit and enjoy a continuation of the same. Cold and warm Baths attached to the Hotel, and *always* in readiness.



All the Stages arrive at and depart from the Hotel, where seats are secured.

J. W. COCHRAN.
*June* 1, 1833. 35tf.

## NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the encouragement he has received in his business, begs leave to inform his customers and friends, that he has just received a new supply of

**Spring and Summer Goods,**

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Blue, brown and olive CLOTHS,
Steel mixed, gray and striped Satinetts,
Rowen Cassimeres, Pittsborough Cord,
Princettas and black Buckram,
Providence Stripe, cotton Cord,
Russia Drill, imitation Russia Sheeting,
Red Padding, Canvass, Buckram,
Vestings of various patterns,
Dark Erminetts, French Drilling,
Printed Muslins, Canary Prints,
Super light Chintz Prints, dark fancy do.
Book, Mull, and Swiss Muslins,
Sarsnetts, Sinchews, & bl'k & blue Gros-de-Naps,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,
Brown Shirting and Sheeting,
Bleeched do do.
Ready made Vests, Pantaloons, and Round-abouts,
Domestic Plaids and Bed Ticking,
Pink, purple and brown Cambric,

**Crockery, Glass Ware & China,**
***Paints and Dye Stuffs,***

CONSISTING OF

White Lead in Oil,
Black do do,
Red Lead, and bright Varnish,
Copal and coach ditto,
Spanish Brown and Spanish White,
Copperas, Spanish Brown and Madder,
Roll Brimstone, and Verdigris,
Lamp Black and bl'k leather Varnish, &c.

***HARDWARE, consisting of***

Knives and Forks, pocket and pen Knives,
Trace Chains and Halters,
Scythe Blades, 48, 50 and 52 inches,
Hoes and Axes,
Nails, Curry Combs and Drawing Knives,
Tin Trunks, long and short handle Pans.

***GROCERIES, consisting of***

Coffee, Sugar and Teas,
Salt, Molasses, and Spirits Turpentine,
Chocolate, Spice, Pepper and Ginger,
Pearl Barley and Pearl Ash,
Saltpetre, Alum, and London Mustard,
Bacon, Flour, and Lard,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Wines, Rum, Brandy and Whiskey.

All of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

P. S.—On hand, a general assortment of LEATHER, consisting of Soal, Upper, and Harness Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, which will be sold or exchanged for raw Hides, at fair prices

JNO. C. LATTA.
Person street, 6th door East of Market Square.
*April* 18, 1833. 29tf.

## New Store.

## LEWIS & ROSS,

HAVE just opened, next door to Doct'r. Jordan's Drug Store (in Green Street, near Eccles' Bridge,) a new and splendid assortment of

***Fancy and Staple***

## DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

Rich fig'd Gros-de-Naps,
Coloured Florence Silks,
Blk and blue blk Marceline do,
Sinchews and Sarsnetts,
New style printed Muslins,
Do do Ginghams,
Calicoes of all kinds, some extra rich,
Crape Camblet, a superior article, for Gentlemen's Coats and Pantaloons,
Merino Cassimere,
Light Merseilles Vesting,
Rich fig'd Silk do,
Cambric Jackonet and Swiss Muslins,
Plaid and corded Cambrics,
New and splendid emb'd Crape dress Hdkffs,
Do do printed do do do,
Do do Gause do do do,
Do do 5-4 Crape Shawls,
Do do 5-4 Sewing Silk, do,
White and green Gause Veils,
Ladies' plain and fig'd border Hdkffs and Gentlemen's Silk do,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves,
Hosiery of all descriptions,
4-4 and 6-4 bed Tick,
3-4, 4-4 and 5-4 unbleached Muslins,
4-4 and 5-4 bleached do,
Domestic Stripes and Plaids,
Twilled do and Granderills,
Cotton and Madrass Hdkffs.

**—ALSO—**

Ladies' Leghorn and Dunstable Hats; Men's Palm leaf do; Combs of all sizes; Gentlemen's white and Blk Satin Beaver Hats; Ladies' Kid Morocco and Prunella Slippers; Gentlemen's Pumps and Calf Boots; Gentlemen's Stocks and Collars. *Also*, a few trunks SUMMER CLOTHING—in a word, all articles that are necessary to complete a good and desirable assortment of Goods—all of which will be sold at wholesale or retail at the lowest prices for *CASH*.

L. & R. will be constantly receiving additional supplies to their present stock, and hope by strict and persevering attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

*Fayetteville, April* 7, 1833. §27-tf.§

## FOR SALE,

A Very neat Newark built **SULKEY**, upon Elliptic springs.

C. P. MALLETT.
May 6, 1833.

## Notice.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA,
**15** Hhds. New Orleans SUGAR,
For sale by
JONES FULLER.
*April* 30, 1833. 30tf.

## FOR SALE.

**40** CASKS Thomastown Lime in good order,
100 Kegs White Lead ground in Oil,
50 Hhds. Molasses.

J. HUSKE & SON.
May 12, 1833. 32tf.

## State Bank of N. Carolina.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the Notes of the issue of the Fayetteville Branch of the State Bank of North Carolina, will be redeemed on demand at the counter of the Office Bank of the United States in Fayetteville; which Bank will in future act as our Agent for that purpose.

D. W. STONE, Pres't.
July 15, 1833. 41-6wp.

### *Just Received and for Sale,*

**40** Barrels MACKEREL, No. 3,
8 half barrels do, No. 2,
75 kegs Nails.

By W. WHITEHEAD.
June 25, 1833.

## Law Books, &c.

STARKIE on Evidence; Kent's Commentaries; Chitty on Pleading; do. on Bills; Tidd's Practice and Appendix; Mitford's Pleading; Adams on Ejectment; Chitty's Blackstone; Comyn on Contracts; Saunders on Pleading and Evidence; Selwyn's Nisi Prius; Maddock's Chancery. With a variety of other new Books, just rec'd for sale by

E. J. HALE.
July 8.

## State of North Carolina.

MOORE COUNTY.

*Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions, May Term*, 1833

Elijah Morris, } *Original Attachment,*
*vs.* } *Levied on Land.*
Alexander McDugald. }

IT appearing to the Court, that the Defendant in this case, resides out of the State, therefore *It is ordered by the Court*, That publication be made in the *Fayetteville Observer*, for six weeks, that the Defendant appear at next Court, at the Court House in Carthage, on the third Monday in August next, and then and there replevy and plead to issue, otherwise judgment will be entered against him agreeable to the Plaintiff's demand.

Witness, *Cornelius Dowd*, Clerk of our said Court at Office, the third Monday of May, A. D. 1833. CORN'S DOWD, *Clk.*
*July* 2. 40-6w.



## REMOVAL.

***Dr. James H. Dickson,***

HAS removed to the New Brick Building, on the East side of Green-street, directly opposite the Store of Messrs. Jno. Huske & Son, where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved credit, a General Assortment of

**DRUGS and MEDICINES,**
*Shop Furniture, Surgical Instruments,*
*Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,*
*Hatters' Materials,*
*Perfumery, &c.*

October 15th, 1832. 2-tf

## NEW STORE—NEW GOODS,

***Cheap for Cash.***

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his frends and the public generally, that he has taken that old and well known Stand lately occupied by Mr. H. L. Jones, at the corner of Market Square and Gillespie street, where may be found at all times, a general and well selected Stock of

## Boots and Shoes,

Fresh and direct from the Manufactories, consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemen's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, selected particularly for the town trade, where Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Country Merchants would also do well to call and examine before purchasing, as my Stock is all fresh and good, and prices much reduced. By strict attention to business, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. My Stock consists in part, of the following viz.

Ladies fine prunella and seal skin Slips, seal skin Bootees, Morocco Bootees and walking Shoes,
Misses' seal skin Bootees and Shoes.
Men's stout pegged Brogans,
Ditto ditto sewed ditto.
Ditto ditto ditto Shoes,
Ditto ditto pegged ditto,
Ditto fine calf sewed ditto,
Ditto ditto do do Shoetees,
Ditto fine calf sewed Boots,
Ditto ditto nailed ditto,
Ditto stout pegged ditto,
HATS—Men's and boys fine and wool Hats,
ALSO, an assortment of traveling Trunks & Bags,
FISH—A few boxes prime Cod Fish,
SOAP—50 boxes No. 1 bar Soap, a prime article,
A few boxes perfumed shaving ditto,
CARDS—Whittemore's No. 10 cotton Cards, and No. 6 wool,
ALSO, writing and letter Paper.

L. R. BRADLEY.
*Fayetteville, March* 2. 24tf.

*Noise of the Anvil.*—A blacksmith of Milan has, to the comfort of his neighbors, especially the rich, successfully practised a very simple contrivance to diminish, in a remarkable degree, the loud noise caused by the percussion of the hammer on the anvil. It is merely to suspend a piece of iron chain to one of the horns of the anvil, which carries off a great portion of the acute sound usually produced.

*From the Raleigh Register.*

Greatness ever excites envy, and he who has achieved the noblest deeds, is the first object at which the shafts of detraction are levelled. Washington felt the full force of this lamentable truth, and at the time he was struggling to lay the foundation of our present admirable system of Government, there were not wanting those who endeavored to give a false coloring to his every action, and who with avidity, transmitted their falsehoods across the Atlantic. While making every effort to secure the liberties of the people on a permament basis, he was insidiously charged with paving his way to a Throne. To show how far these incendiaries carried their designs, we copy the following letter from the *'Gentlemen's Magazine,'* printed in London, where it appears as having come from 'an intelligent citizen of Philadelphia.'

*Philadelphia, Oct.* 26, 1786.

MY DEAR FRIEND—As I know you look upon whatever transpires in this country with intense interest, and have been among those who have ever suspected the late commanding General of the American armies, and predicted that he would ultimately look towards a Throne, and rule with a sceptre of despotism, those very people whom he has pretended to adore, and whose liberties he has avowed to be the God of his idolatry, I hasten to inform you that your suspicions relative to the ultimate views of Washington, promise to be verified. It is now pretty generally reported and believed in the political circles in which I move, that George Washington will be crowned King of North America. Even his most partial friends do not pretend to doubt that he looks with an ambitious eye towards a monarchy, but they at the same time remark, that as he has no offspring, it is possible that he may be deterred from his designs. For my own part, I never placed the least confidence in his pretended patriotism, nor did I ever behold a man, who is more of a tyrant at heart than he is. Poor deluded devils—poor Americans; they have fought seven years to bind themselves more firmly in bondage. When you next hear from me, be not surprised if I give you a detailed account of the Coronation. Yours, very sincerely.

NORFOLK, July 31.

The U. S. ship of the line Delaware, Captain Ballard, sailed from Hampton Roads yesterday morning for New York, with a fresh southerly breeze, which will probably take her to that port in 30 hours. On Monday, the President of the U. States, and his suite, paid a visit to the Delaware, and were attended through the ship by Capt. Ballard and his officers. The President expressed in warm terms his admiration of the interior wonders of this prodigious floating castle, its superior style of equipment, and the high state of discipline observed in every department. At going on board, and leaving the ship, he was complimented with a salute of 21 guns—although he had signified his wish to dispense with that ceremony. *Herald.*

*A Patriarch.*—Died, at Hickory Hill, in Baltimore county, Md. on the 22d inst. Mr. WM. THOMPSON. This venerable man, on the first day of February last, had attained the very advanced age of 111 years. He was born in St. Mary's county, Md. spent the greater portion of his life in Frederick county, and moved, last Fall, to Baltimore county, where he died. He left eleven or twelve children, the eldest of whom was living last Summer, and is believed to be still in existence at the advanced age of 91. The subject of this notice was distinguished for his honesty and temperance.—He has been heard to say, that in the course of his long life, he had never used a gallon of ardent spirits, and had never been intoxicated but once, and then from drawing cider. He never was confined to his house until three days previous to his death, and enjoyed his sight and hearing to the end of his life. He never required the use of spectacles, and as recently as the past summer walked the distance of two miles to a son's house and back to his home in the same day.

*Surprising Horsemanship.*—On the morning of the 20th, Captain Parker of the Royal Artillery, quartered at Charlemont, rode his bay horse, the Admiral, from Charlemont to Newry and back in 2 hours and 25 minutes—a distance of 53 English miles.—The time allowed for the performance was three hours; but the captain having got considerable odds that he would not do it in two hours and a half, won all his bets by having five minutes to spare. Thus did he accomplish the distance of 21 miles an hour with one horse, which exceeds, by far, all feats of horsemanship ever performed in the sporting world.—*Dublin Ev. Packet.*

*Highly Important.*—We found the following in the Portland Courier, and make all convenient haste to lay it before our readers.

"BY TO-DAY'S MAIL.

"An old man found a rude boy upon one of his trees stealing apples, and desired him to come down. But the young saucebox told him plainly, he would not. "Won't you," said the old man, "then I will fetch you down." So he peppered him with turf and grass, which only made the boy laugh at him.

"Well, well," said the old man, "if neither words nor grass will do, I will try what virtue there is in stones. So he pelted him heartily with stones, which made the young chap hasten down, and beg the old man's pardon.'

The above is one the practical jokes of the original Jack Downing—the Editor of the Portland Courier. He says, that, having been lectured for stating day after day "No news in this morning's mail," he set about overhauling his morning papers, and finding nothing, gave the above as the "something which would keep fresh," no other paper having the news.—*Lowell Journal.*

## LATEST FROM MAJOR JACK DOWNING.

*From the Portland Courier.*

WASHINGTON CITY, July 20, 1833.

*To my old Friend, the Editor of the Portland Courier, in the State of Maine.*

My dear old friend: I dont know but you might think strange on't, that I should be back here to Washington, more than a fortnight, and not write to you. But I haint forgot you. You needn't never be afraid of that. We ant very apt to forget our best friends; and you may depend upon it Jack Downing will never forget the Editor of the Portland Courier any more than Andrew Jackson will forget Jack Downing. You was the first person that ever gave me a lift into public life, and you've been a boosting me along ever since. And just between you and me, I think I'm getting into a way now where I shall be able by and by to do something to pay you for it. The reason that I hav'nt writ to you before is, that we have had pretty serious business to attend to since we got back. But we've just got through with it, and Mr. Van Buren has cleared out and gone back about the quickest to New York, and I guess with a bedbug in his ear. Now just between you and me in confidence, I'll tell you how 'tis; but pray don't let on about it to any body else for the world. Didn't you think plaguey strange what made us cut back so quick from Concord, without going to Portland, or Portsmouth, or Downingville? You know the papers have said it was because the President wa'nt very well, and the President had to make that excuse himself in some of his letters; but it was no such thing. The President could a marched on foot twenty miles a day then, and only let him been at the head of my Downingville company, and he'd a made a whole British Regiment scamper like a flock of sheep.

But you see the trouble on't was, there was some difficulty between I and Mr. Van Buren. Somehow or other Mr. Van Buren always looked kind of jealous at me all the time after he met us at New York, and I could'nt help minding every time the folks hollered "hoorah for Major Downing" he would turn as red as blazes.

And wherever we stopped to take a bite or to have a chat, he would always work it, if he could, somehow or other, so as to crowd in between me and the President.—Well, ye see, I would'nt mind much about it, but would just step round on t'other side. And though I say it myself, the folks would look at me, let me be on which side I would; and after they'd cried hoorah for the President, they'd most always sing out "hoorah for Major Downing." Mr. Van Buren kept growing more and more fidgety till we got to Concord. And there we had a room full of sturdy old democrats of New Hampshire, and after they had all flocked round the old President and shook hands with him, he happened to introduce me to some of 'em afore he did Mr. Van Buren. At that the fat was all in the fire. Mr. Van Buren wheeled about and marched out of the room, looking as though he could bite a board nail off. The President had to send for him three times before he could get him back into the room again. And when he did come he did'nt speak to me for the whole evening. However, we kept it from the company pretty much; but when we came to go up to bed that night we had a rale quarrel. It was nothing but jaw, jaw, the whole night. Mr. Woodbury and Mr. Cass tried to pacify us all they could, but it was all in vain, we did'nt one of us get a wink of sleep, and should'nt if the night had lasted a fortnight. Mr. Van Buren said the President had dishonored the country by placing a military Major on half pay before the second officer of the Government. The President begged him to consider that I was a very particular friend of his; that I had been a great help to him at both ends of the country; that I had kept the British out of Madawaska, away down in Maine, and had marched my company clear from Downingville to Washington, on my way to South Carolina to put down the nullifiers; and he thought I was entitled to as much respect as any man in the country.

This nettled Mr. Van Buren peskily.—He said he thought it was a fine time of day if a raw jockey from the obscure village away down east, jest because I had a Major's commission, was going to throw the Vice President of the United States, and the heads of Departments, into the back ground. At this my dander began to rise, and I stepped right up to him; and, says I, Mr. Van Buren, you are the last man that ought to call me a jockey.—And if you'll go to Downingville, and stand up before my company with Sargeant Joel at their head, and call Downingville an obscure village, I'll let you use my head for a foot ball as long as you five afterwards. for if they wouldn't knock you into a cock'd hat pretty quick, I'll never guess again.—We got so high at last that the old President hopt off the bed like a boy; for he had laid down to rest him, being it was near daylight, tho' he couldn't get to sleep. And, says he, Mr. Donaldson, set down and write Mr. Anderson at Portland, and my friend Joshua Downing, at Downingville, that I can't come. I'm going to start for Washington this morning. What, says Mr. Cass, and not go to Portsmouth and Exeter, and round there! I tell you, says the President, I'm going to start for Washington this morning, and in three days I'll be there. What, says Mr. Woodbury, and not go to Portland, where they have spent so much money to get ready for us! I tell you, says the President, my foot is down; I go not a step further, but turn about this morning for Washington. What, says I, and not go to Downingville, what will Uncle Joshua say? At this the President looked a little hurt; and, says he, Major Downing, I can't help it. As for going any farther with such a din as this about my ears, I cannot, and will not, and I am resolved not to budge another inch. And sure enough the President was as good as his word, and we were all packed up by sunrise, and in three days we were in Washington.

And here we've been ever since, battling the watch about the next Presidency. Mr. Van Buren says, the President promised it to him, and now he charges me and the President with a plot to work myself in it, and leave him out. It's true I've been nominated in a good many papers, in the National Intelligencer and in the Mauch Chunk Courier, printed away off among the coal diggers in Pennsylvany, and a good many more. And them 'are Pennsylvany chaps are real peelers for electing folks when they take hold; and that's what makes Mr. Van Buren so uneasy. The President tells him, as he has promised to help him, he shall do what he can for him; but if the folks *will* vote for me he can't help it. Mr. Van Buren wanted that I should come out in the National Intelligencer and resign, and so be put up for Vice President under him. But I told him no; sein it had gone so far, I wouldn't do nothin about it. I hadn't asked for the office, and if the folks had a mind to give it to me, I shouldn't refuse it. So, after we had battled it about a fortnight, Mr. Van Buren found it was no use to try to dicker with me, and he's cleared out and gone to New York, to see what he can do there.

I never thought of getting in to be President so soon, though I've had a kind of hankering for it these two years. But now, seeing it has turned out as it has, I'm determined to make a bold push, and, if I *can* get it by the free votes of the people, I mean to. The President says he'd rather I should have it than any body else, and if he hadn't promised Mr. Van Buren beforehand, he would use his influence for me.

But as I said afore, I'm determined to make a bold push. I've writ to Col. Crockett to see if I can get the support of the Western States, and his reply is, "go ahead." I shall depend upon you and uncle Joshua to carry the State of Maine for me; and in order to secure the other States I spose it will be necessary to publish my life and writings. President Jackson had his life published before he was elected, and when Mr. Clay was a candidate he had hisn published. I've talked with the President about it, and he says publish it by all means, and set the printer of the Portland Courier right about it.

So I want you to go to work as soon as you get this, and pick up my letters and begin to print 'em in a book; and I'll set down and write a history of my life to put into it, and send it along as fast as I can get it done.

But I want you to be very careful not to get any of them are confounded counterfeit letters, that the rascally fellers have been sending to the printers, mixed in along with mine. It would be as bad as breaking a rotten egg in along with good ones; it would spile the whole pudding.

The President says I must have a picture of me made and put into the book. He says he had one put into his, and Mr. Clay had one put into his.—So I believe I shall write to Mr. Thatcher that prints the little journal paper in Boston, and get him to go to some of the best picture makers there, and get them to do me up as slick as they can.—These things you know will all help to get the free votes of the People, and that's all I want.—For I tell you now right up and down, I never will take any office that does'nt come by the free votes of the People. I'm a genuine democratic republican, and always was, and so was my father before me, and Uncle Joshua besides.

There's a few more things that I want to speak to you about in this letter, but I'm afraid it will get to be too lengthy. That are story that they got in the newspapers about my being married in Philadelphia is all a hoax. I aint married yet, nor I shant be till a little blue eyed gal, that used to run about with me and go to school and slide down hill in Downingville, is the wife of President Downing. And that are other story that the President gave me a Colonel's commission jest before we started down East, is n't exactly true. The President did offer me one, but I thanked him and told him if he would excuse me, I should rather not take it, for I had always noticed that Majors were more apt to rise in the world than Curnels.

I wish you would take a little pains to send up to Downingville and get uncle Joshua to call a public meeting and have me nominated there. I'm so well known there it would have a great effect in other places. And I want to have it particularly understood, and stated in their resolutions, that I am the genuine democratic republican candidate. I know you will put your shoulders to the wheel in this business and du all you can for me, for you was always a good friend to me, and jest between you and me when I get in to be President you may depend upon it you shall have as good an office as you want. But I see it's time for me to end this letter. The President is quite comfortable, and sends his respects to you and uncle Joshua. I remain your sincere friend.

MAJOR JACK DOWNING.

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*The largest Tree in the World.*—The boabab or monkey-bread (*Adansonia digitala*) is the most gigantic tree hitherto discovered. The trunk, though frequently eighty feet in circumference, rarely exceeds twelve or fifteen feet in height, but on the summit of this huge pillar is placed a majestic head of innumerable branches fifty or sixty feet long, each resembling an enormous tree, densely clothed with beautiful green leaves. While the central branches are erect the lowest series extend in a horizontal direction, often touching the ground at their extremity; so that the whole forms a splendid arch of foliage, more like the fragment of a forest than a single tree. The grateful shade of this superb canopy is a favorite retreat of birds and monkeys; the natives resort to it for repose, and the weary traveller in a burning climate, gladly flies to it for shelter. The leaves are quinate, smooth, resembling in general form those of the horse-chesnut. The flowers are white and beautiful, 18 inches in circumference. The fruit, which hangs in a pendant manner, is a woody ground-like capsule with a downy surface, about 9 inches in length and four in thickness, containing numerous cells, in which brown kidney-shaped seed are embedded in a pulpy acid substance. The timber is soft and spongy, and we are not aware that it is used for any economical purpose. It is very easily perforated, so that, according to Bruce, the bees in Abyssinia construct their nests within it, and the honey thus obtained, being supposed to have acquired a superior flavour, is esteemed in preference to any other. A more remarkable excavation is however made by the natives; diseased portions of the trunk are hollowed out and converted into tombs for the reception of the bodies of such individuals as, by the laws or customs of the country, are denied the usual rights of interment. The bodies thus suspended within the cavity, and without any preparation or embalmment, dry into well preserved mummies. The juicy acid pulp is eaten by the natives, and is considered beneficial in fevers and other diseases on account of its cooling properties. The duration of the boabab is not the least extraordinary part of its history, and has given rise to much speculation. In it we unquestionably see the most ancient living specimens of vegetation. 'It is,' says the illustrious Humboldt, 'the oldest organic monument of our planet;' and Adanson calculates that trees now alive have weathered the storms of five thousand years.—[*Edinburg Cabinet Library. No. XII—Nubia and Abyssinia.*]

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*Thames Tunnel.*—Two estimates have been furnished by Mr. Brunel for the completion of the work: one to make it available for foot passengers, amounting to £146,000; and the other, which includes the sum required for the purchase of the ground for making the approaches and descents into the Tunnel on both sides of the river for carriages, amounting to £248,000; and from the experience gained during the construction of the part now finished, there is just ground for concluding that either object is attainable for the sum specified.

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"Any ting pite you dare? enquired one Dutchman of another engaged in angling: "No, nothing at all." "Vell," returned the other, "nothing pite me too."

## UNITED STATES MINT.

The Philadelphia Herald of Thursday devotes a column and a half to a history of the progress and establishment of the U. States Mint, one of those public institutions, the benefits of whose presence has been conferred upon the city of Philadelphia by the liberality of Congress. In the course of the article, some accounts are furnished of the operations of the Mint for the last three years, to which we are indebted for the following particulars:

In the year 1830, the whole coinage was $3,155,620, consisting of $643,105 in gold, (half and quarter eagles;)—$2,495,400 in silver: (half dollars, dimes and half dimes:)—and $17,110 in copper.

In 1831 the coinage amounted to $3,923,473, consisting of $714,270 gold, (half and quarter eagles;)—$3,176,600 in silver, (half dollars, quarters, dimes and half dimes:)—and $33,608 60 in copper.

In 1832 the coinage amounted to $3,401,055, consisting of $798,435 in gold; $2,579,000 in silver, and $23,620 in copper.

It will be perceived that no eagles nor dollars have been coined at the mint during the last three years.—No quarter dollars were coined in 1830. The first emission was in 1831. Only *eleven* dollars in *half cents*, have been coined in three years—and all in 1831.—The gold thus coined was derived from the following places respectively in each of the three years. We follow the Herald in including Mexico with South America pleading his method of classification as imposing a necessity for this novel geographical arrangement.

From South America and the West Indies there were received in 1830 about $125,000 in gold; in 1831 $130,000; in 1832 $80,000. From Africa, in 1832, $19,000; in 1831, $27,000; in 1832, $28,000. From places unknown, in 1830, $33,000; 1831, $30,000; in 1832, $39,000. The principal supplies were, however, received from the *Gold Region* in the United States, which were respectively, in the three years mentioned, $446,000, $18,000, and $678,000.

Tables are added, exhibiting the quantity of gold received from each State in the Gold Region, since 1824—the year in which attention was first drawn to the search. The whole amount is $1,913,000, derived from the following States, in the proportion given:—North Carolina, $1,199,000; Virginia, $86,500; South Carolina $96,500; Georgia $528,000; Tennessee $200; Alabama $1000.

Estimates are made that the quantity of gold delivered at the mint does not much exceed one half of the quantity produced by the mint, nearly an equal sum having been otherwise disposed of, exported uncoined, or consumed in various works of art. It is added that if these estimates are nearly correct, the production of gold in the U. States, within the past year, has not been less than a million and a quarter of dollars. "This may be regarded as equal to one sixth part of all the gold produced within the same period from the mines of Europe and America, estimated according to the results of recent years given by the best authorities."

To these statistics of the operations of the American Mint, we may add a few items from late English papers relative to the coinage of Great Britain. The accounts for the twenty years, closing with 1829, have been published, but we have only seen an abstract of some of the facts.

During the latter ten years (1819 to 1829) the value of the gold coin was 23,893,783*l* more than during the preceding ten years (1790 to 1800) and of the silver coined 9,148,195*l*, more. It is indeed somewhat remarkable, as to the latter metal, that where above nine millions were coined in the last period (1819 to 1829) only twelve hundred and sixteen pounds in value should have been coined in the same period of years antecedent. The largest amount of gold coined was in 1824, namely, 9,520,738*l*, and the next largest was in 1826, when the whole country was suffering under the destruction of credit consequent upon the commercial and banking panic which grew out of the follies of 1825. The gold coined in the succeeding year [1826] amounted to 5,896,461*l*. and even in 1825 it was as much as 4,580,919*l*. The greatest value of silver coined was in the year 1817, when it reached 2,436,297*l*, and next to this stands 1819, with 1,267,272*l*. During the six and twenty years preceding 1817, the whole value of silver coined did not exceed 1641*l*. exclusively of bank tokens and Anglicised Spanish dollars.—*Balt Amer.*

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*Disease among Cattle.*—The following is from one of the most respectable farmers of the county of Philadelphia.—*Inquirer.*

SIR: A disease—name unknown to the writer—is prevalent among the horned cattle and horses in the neighbourhood of Frankford, in this county; and my object in publicly stating this fact, is to elicit, if possible, through the medium of your journal, some information touching the disease, its cause, its cure, or what is most desirable, an 'ounce of prevention.' Within the last fortnight, or three weeks, upwards of nine cows and six or seven horses have died in the immediate vicinity of the village, and all, so far as I can learn, were carried off in the same way. The writer of this communication has lost, of a stock of four cows and three horses, two of the former and one of the latter, all having died within ten days. My cows and horse were apparently in health *three hours previous to death!* and in every instance they were found *dead* without exhibiting any symptoms of disease. I am told however, that a horse of one of my neighbors exhibited uneasiness and a kind of vertigo a few hours previous to death, but that no symptoms of disease were visible in the morning—the animal having died in the evening. I had a post mortem examination of one of my cows, but could discover nothing in the stomach, bowels, or paunch to produce death;—these parts of the animal exhibited a healthy appearance. The abdomens of the cows and horse were all much swollen *after* death.

*August 1st.* B.

P. S. Cow well, apparently, at 2. P. M.; dead at half past 5.

Cow well, apparently, at 10 in the evening; found dead and cold at 5 next morning.

Horse well at 2 o'clock, dead at half past 4.

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A letter from New Orleans of a recent date, states that Dr. John W. Hunt of that city, was killed in a duel at that place on the 28th ult.

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U. S. BANK.—The Washington Globe at length admits, virtually, that it is in contemplation to remove the Government depositesfrom the vaults of the U. S. Bank. It states that the Secretary of the Treasury has employed an agent to ascertain whether those deposites will not be taken on better terms by the local or State Banks, than by the U. S. Bank. This, it is well known to the Department, will be done of course; such is the enmity of some of the Jackson Banks to the National Institution. The present movement is therefore but a pretence of saving something for the Government. How dignified is the spectacle! The U. S. Treasury Department haggling with the Directors of private Banks for the safekeeping of its funds, hazarding the public moneys, and violating the plighted faith of the nation, for the gratification of party malice.—*Nantucket Inquirer.*

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*Corruption.*—The money changers and their servile tools of the *collar press*, are again urging the *removal* of the Government Deposites from the U. S. Bank. Like Macbeth's air-drawn dagger, this portion of "the spoils" is before their eyes, and with him they exclaim "*come let me clutch thee!*" If the Regency could get hold of a few millions of Uncle Sam's cash, in addition to the tremendous *money* power they now exercise, there would be no end to their arrogance, and their political profligacy. Let the People look to their liberties in time!

*Balston Spa Gazette.*

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A counterfeit note of one thousand dollars, of the City Bank of New York, was passed off last week at Montreal. One of the gang concerned was afterwards arrested, and $690 of the money received for it was found upon him.

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*Almost caught.*—The sloop Frame, commanded by Capt. P. C. Myrick, an old whaler, with a picked company of experienced officers and seamen, sailed this morning on a whaling cruise in Massachusetts Bay; principally for the purpose, however, of determining the question of the existence of that celebrated nautical non-descript, the Sea-serpent: which question, if affirmatively decided, will immediately be followed by his capture, dead or alive. Sharp eyes, that from long practice cannot be deceived, have gone to look after him; and sharper weapons, to be wielded by muscles and nerves that have been accustomed to grapple with Leviathan, are prepared for his certain overthrow. The Fame has a complement of 14 skilful men, and carries two whale boats, with every sort of apparatus for encountering any manner of monster which may dare to show itself. Among the implements of destruction on board, are sundry harpoons of a new construction, (for which a patent has been granted to a gentleman of this place) made at the Phœnix Iron Foundry, Providence—one thrust from which will inflict instant death. This description of harpoon carries within its barb, a dose of concentrated poison, the most subtile which human science has yet been able to discover. With these preparations, we have not the slightest doubt that a most satisfactory account of the serpentine giant will very shortly be rendered—provided nevertheless, there *be* such a creature, inhabiting the waters of this region.

*Nantucket Inquirer.*

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*Some Passages in the Science of Political Economy.*—In the present state of this science it is granted as a settled principle, that the true way to benefit mankind is to save all possible labor in producing the indispensable necessaries of life, and to increase the number of laborers upon the amusements and luxuries of society. Among those who have increased the number of honest laborers may be ranked Sir Walter Scott. He has for thirty years kept thousands at work in his own and other countries, by the prodigious labors of his imagination. To show this most conclusively, we have only to examine the history of one edition of Sir Walter's works, viz. that now being published by Conner & Cooke, in this city. This edition has and will employ, taking the whole time, for the space of a year, 265 persons as follows:

Casting and finishing type 10 hands; superintending do. 1; setting up type and proof reading, 32; superintending do. 1; moulding, casting, and finishing stereotype plates, 10; paper making, 12; printing the sheets, 32; superintending do. 2; drying, pressing, and counting the sheets, 4; folding, collating, and binding, 35; obtaining subscriptions, 125; casting paper and books 1. Total, 265 hands.

This edition, for it is very large, will be read within five years by two hundred thousand persons to say the least, who would probably have wasted their time in some idle amusement if this banquet had not been prepared for them by this mighty magician of the revels of fancy. In reading his works the imagination is fructified, and the memory is stored with chaste and lovely images, that serve to enlighten the mind as well as to warm the heart. And now comes the delightful part of the subject—the ease with which the whole of this feast is procured—for thirty-seven and a half cents, Conner & Cooke give their readers, on good paper, an hundred and thirty pages, of about sixteen hundred words to the page, at less, we believe, than half the price that so much reading matter was ever before furnished for. It was considered in the proudest days of Athens, the highest eulogy to say of a Philosopher, his writings have been copied twenty times; of Sir Walter's productions it may safely be said, that more than a hundred thousand copies of them have been sold in all the countries and languages through which they have reached the reader. It will never hereafter be said that the world remains ignorant because the means of getting knowledge were not within the reach of the great mass of mankind.—*Com. Adv.*

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*French Indemnity.*—We understand from good authority, that no difficulties will arise between the United States and France, in relation to the fulfilment of the recent treaty of indemnity for claims. A very friendly understanding exists between both governments on the subject. Notwithstanding the complexion of the recent debates in the French Chamber of Deputies, the cabinet of Louis Philippe have the fullest confidence in the appropriation being passed as soon as certain documents are received from this country.

The delay created by unforeseen contingencies in the payment of the money, amounting to *five millions*, will not affect, in the remotest degree, the interest of the claimants.—*Pennsylvanian.*

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*Convention of Editors.*—A contemporary suggests a Convention of Editors for the establishment of rules for the government of the press. We like the suggestion, and will give it our hearty support, if any effort is seriously made to get up such a Convention. The press of this country is in many respects degenerate, and unworthy the character which its conductors should enjoy for honesty, independence, intelligence and gentility. Some of the party presses of the day are a dishonor to the country—appear to delight in scurrility and mendacity, and apparently seek out opportunities for the indulgence of their bad propensities It is quite time that this should be corrected—that editors should be held responsible in some sort to their brethren at large, with an understanding that the journalist who transgresses to a certain extent, should not be recognized as an honest or honorable member of the corps. Much for the correction and regulation of the press might be accomplished by the convention of the description suggested; to be held in some central part of the Union, and each county or district represented by two or three of the editorial corps, the whole body electing these delegates, and the whole pledging themselves to abide by the decisions and regulations adopted in convention. We trust the subject will be agitated by our brethren throughout the country.—*Philad. Inquirer.*

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*Standing Armies.*—In whatever light we view the institutions of our country, we cannot but see the immense advantages she enjoys over all the world. The laboring classes of Europe are compelled, not only to pay for the support of a lazy, indolent, and insolent aristocracy, and a numerous clergy, but their hard earnings are wrung from them in order to maintain large standing armies. The following table shows the ratio which these standing armies of the principal nations of Europe and of the United States bear to their respective population. It is in

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|---|---|---|
| France, | one to every | 17 |
| Belgium, | do | 42 |
| Holland, | do | 43 |
| Russia, | do | 67 |
| Denmark, | do | 69 |
| Bavaria, | do | 35 |
| Prussia, | do | 115 |
| Austria, | do | 116 |
| Great Britain, | do | 200 |
| Spain, | do | 173 |
| United States, | do | 2,500 |

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*Horrid transaction.*—A family of twelve free colored persons, consisting of four grown females and eight children, were poisoned yesterday, supposed by a negro man named *Adam*, owned by Mr. Vernon. The circumstances, as near as we can learn, were these. The fellow *Adam* had been living for some time past in the yard, and some difficulty having occurred, he was required to remove, and was to have left this day. In consequence of this requirement, the fellow made some threats, that he would be revenged. Yesterday, at dinner, the family had prepared some soup, and a fowl, cooked with rice, which was served up; a woman, in an adjoining house, who had been recently confined, was also furnished with some of the soup, a small portion of which, was given to her child. Shortly after partaking of their meal, the whole were attacked with violent retchings, and several who had freely partaken of the food, were last evening in a dangerous situation. The fellow was seen in the kitchen, at the time the dinner was cooking, dipping a spoon into the pot, and from appearance, there can be little doubt, that he infused a poison into it at that time. He was taken into custody, to wait an examination. Medical assistance was immediately obtained, and we sincerely hope the designs of the villian may yet be frustrated.—*Charleston Courier.*

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*Pedestrianism.*—Mr. Haskett, the pedestrian, who has undertaken to walk 2000 miles in 70 days, living on bread and water only, arrived in this town yesterday at one o'clock, from Fall River, and returned the same afternoon. He will deliver a lecture in this place this evening, at 8 o'clock, in the Lyceum Hall. We learn from the Courier that he has already accomplished the half of his tour, and is now in advance 93 miles. The first quarter he was in the rear, but in the second quarter he has made some rapid marches. Mr. H. is in good health and fine spirits, and walks with remarkable ease, carrying a large valise at his shoulders.

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Capt. Stetson, of the brig Cherokee, arrived this day from Pernambuco, states that he was informed by Mr. Crabtree, a merchant at Pernambuco, that he had received a letter from the English merchants, at a small place about 60 miles from Pernambuco, stating that the Brazilians had risen on the British merchants, and massacred about 50 persons. It was said the difficulty arose from a difference in the currency of money. A United States schooner was at Pernambuco when Captain S. heard the news, which got under way immediately, to protect the merchants and property at that place—*N. Y. American.*

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*Virginia Springs.*—The [illegible]leghanian of Friday week s[illegible] day brings fresh accessions at our Springs. The cro[illegible] Sulphur is great, and the [illegible] borhood are filled with pe[illegible] the first vacancy that [illegible] Springs. At the Red S[illegible] formed there are about a hu[illegible] ty visiters; we do not kno[illegible] there is at the Salt Sulphu[illegible] told that there is a handso[illegible] also. All three of these [illegible] qualities, which can not [illegible] invalid and man of pleasure [illegible] will find there a specific [illegible] latter will have ample all[illegible] which to gratify his appe[illegible] can say to all, Come, pu[illegible] pleasure for our country a[illegible]

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A manual labour acade[illegible] rection of the Episcopal S[illegible] be opened on the farm calle[illegible] on the Delaware river, [illegible] Bristol, Pa. The tract en[illegible] acres of excellent land. [illegible] will be under the direc[illegible] Chauncey Colton, of W[illegible] Liberal arrangements hav[illegible] the permanent support of [illegible] proposed advantages of [illegible] thus alluded to in the D[illegible] gencer:

There are some peculi[illegible] institution, which render [illegible] from any other college. [illegible] so low, that its advantages [illegible] ed by the sons of persons [illegible] circumstances; and young [illegible] to pursue the profession [illegible] will have granted to them [illegible] privileges. Besides the fr[illegible] men of studious and indu[illegible] be able in hours allotted [illegible] almost entirely for their [illegible] union of bodily labor, w[illegible] ercises of pupils will tend [illegible] en and invigorate the co[illegible] the mind is improved a[illegible] physical power of the bod[illegible] ened and rendered capable [illegible] health and independence [illegible]

Although the regulation[illegible] tion will be strictly in con[illegible] ceremonies of the Episco[illegible] will not partake of a sect[illegible] the admission of students [illegible] quired of a candidate fo[illegible] he possesses strictly mo[illegible] habits, without reference [illegible] tenets, or the profession [illegible] after life. Conducted a[illegible] be, in the ablest manner, [illegible] ples liberal and catholic, [illegible] culated to promote the he[illegible] the constitution of stude[illegible] hope it may be eminently [illegible]

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*The Rail Road.*—The [illegible] gers over the Saratoga and [illegible] Road during the week end[illegible] including pleasure *parties*, [illegible] villages, was 3,550. The n[illegible] from the commencement of [illegible] period, has been rising 10,0[illegible] safely be calculated that the [illegible] of the month will not fall [illegible] This will fully equal any [illegible] have heretofore been mad[illegible] travel on the road.

The engine used thus [illegible] valuable purpose, and h[illegible] tested, we think, to sh[illegible] equal to any locomotive [illegible] country. It has on se[illegible] a train of 8 carriages, [illegible] to 180 passengers, with [illegible] ons, and performed the tr[illegible] in a little more than an [illegible] frequently moving at a velo[illegible] an hour. The spectacle, [illegible] rior, is one of a truly imp[illegible] and will for a long time pr[illegible] much interest to our inhabi[illegible] visitants who annually resor[illegible] ing places.—*Saratoga Sp[illegible]*

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The following account [illegible] tous mortality in the fami[illegible] ed citizen of the West [illegible] latest number of the Louis[illegible]

"We regret to learn [illegible] Judge Rowan has been ser[illegible] the Cholera. On Friday last [illegible] and his wife, A. H. Rowa[illegible] Steele, the two sons, da[illegible] grand-daughter of the J[illegible] in the same grave. A. C[illegible] writes from Bardstown, [illegible] ly are now in town, a[illegible] them. Judge Rowan is [illegible] prostrate spirits have alr[illegible] sick, but not dangerous. [illegible] two girls, I hope, are saf[illegible] what to-night may bring forth [illegible] also that Judge Rowan has [illegible] his slaves by the same dise[illegible]

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## $100 Reward.

ABSCONDED from on board [illegible] Walker, belonging to [illegible] Wilmington, No. Ca., about the [illegible] last, my negro man BILL: he is [illegible] or 9 inches high, spare though well [illegible] low complexion, his mother being [illegible] to, he is an artful, sensible fellow [illegible] appears simple and good natured [illegible] and dirty in his clothing, he has a [illegible] face and apt to smile when spoken [illegible] 20 or 21 years of age. It is probable [illegible] forged papers, and will try to get [illegible] or New York. I have reason to [illegible] been aided or enticed away, and [illegible] bove reward for the apprehension [illegible] and the conviction of any person [illegible] proved guilty of harbouring or [illegible] runaway; or I will pay Fifty Dollars [illegible] who will deliver the fellow to me [illegible] Twenty Five Dollars for lodging [illegible] that I get him again. He is said [illegible] veral articles of clothing belonging [illegible] were in the same employ. MAS[illegible]

*Fayetteville, N. C. August 12,*

LE REPROOF.

hich grates more harshly on eeling, generous disposition, usband speak harshly to an retch who can treat a *woman* mpt of his fellow creatures—is one who looks to him for and protection—one whose bound by every noble priners, the brute who plants Cain should have a mark at he may be known and man But there is many uld tell an affecting tale unmerited abuse.

as not naturally an ill- want of reflection, more nerous heart, that led him light of an inferior being, a *slave* than an equal. If oad to ruffle his temper, his hen he came home. His cooked, and whatever the ease him was sure to have a re his ill-humor in silence finding it to increase, she proving him for his unreahad the happiest effect.

h was going to his daily he purchased a fine large me with directions to his dinner. As no particuprescribed, the good wo- her she boiled it, or fried rder, her husband would home. But she resolved ible, and therefore cook- l different ways. She alty, procured an amphibik back of the house, and ot. In due time her hus- covered dishes were plac- a frowning, fault-finding enced the conversation. the fish I bought?"

ow you have cooked it ve spoiled it for my eat- I thought so. What ossessed you to fry it? I rog."

ght you loved it best such thing. You knew d fish—why did'nt you

e we had fresh fish, you u said you liked it better please you. But I have saying she lifted a cover, the Cod nicely boiled, a dish; a sight which ure rejoice, but which e of her husband. xclaimed he,—"Boiled If you had not been woman kind you would r."

a smile, immediately containing an excellent was resolved to please dish."

grumbled the discom- ay it is an unpalateable uld rather have a boiled ."

expression of his, and had wife, who as soon as the d, uncovered a large dish hand, and there was a *bull*g of portentous nsions and pugnacious asfull length! Zachariah a little frightened at the

wife, in a kind, entreatwill at length be able to

tand this. His surly mood and he burst out into a hearledged that his wife was wrong—and declared that have occasion to read him And he was as good as his

*Literary Curiosity.*—We have in our ssession, and propose publishing it in toorrow's paper, a piece of Auto-biography, ich the public e eager to see. It is sketch of the life of the late John andolph of from his birth to the ear 1799, as elected to Conress, wrote himself. We are not und to say from whom we received this luable curiosity, ce it to say that it genuine, as ear on the face of it. xtra papers ublished, for such perons as may subscribers, and who all be desirous ssess an authentic meoir of the ods of the life of this ost eccentric ican orator.

*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

*"Go it* —A horse, with saddle d bridle, ently found without a ri- r, wandering r a country tavern in O- . Search been made, the *gentlean* owner essentially drunk, was und mounted le on a wall, "kicking d spurring uriously," cursing his pposed pony ot moving forward.— aving become e sobered, he discover- his mistake dismounted, to the no all amusement the bystanders.

The Philadelphia United States *Gazette*, July 30, says We are glad to hear that plan is in rwardness to establish a ne of Steamers ts between this city and in connexion with other ll, it is thought, secure a ent to stockholders, and to the public."

n East Haven, Conn. was ake last week, and died he snake was about the ood house, and was not til he felt its fatal fangs.

ning Herald states, that ood authority, that Mr. mble have by their uniin America, cleared 60,000!

*eason.*—The consulting he City of Bostou (Mess. , Hayward, Randall, and day addressed a letter to ich they caution the citipe fruit and uncooked vess their opinion that "*ripe ome vegetables, used with titute a most salutary kind eriod of the year.*"


# OBSERVER.

## FAYETTEVILLE:

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 13, 1833.


### ELECTION RETURNS.

CUMBERLAND.—Duncan McCormick, S.; Dillon Jordan, Jr. and David McNeill, Commons. Henry W. Ayer, Clerk S. C., Archibald McLean, Jr. Clerk C. C. *State of the Poll*—Senate, McCormick 435, Arch'd S. McNeill 326. Commons, Jordan 732, McNeill 728, Jas. R. Gee 457. Clerk S. C. Ayer 749, Winslow 388. Clerk C. Court, McLean 645, Alexander McNeill 579, Colin McIver 45. For Convention 1018, against it, 27.

*Town of Fayetteville.*—James Seawell. State of the Poll, Seawell 197, Thomas L. Hybart 105.

*Town of Wilmington.*—John D. Jones, by a majority of 114 votes over Montesquieu W. Campbell.

*Town of Salisbury.*—Richard H. Alexander. *State of the Poll*—Alexander 101, B. Craige 83.

RICHMOND.—Alexander Martin, S.; Jas. Williams and Duncan Malloy, C. J. P. Leak, Clerk S. Court, without opposition, and Calvin C. Covington, Clerk C. Court. *State of the Poll*—Senate, Martin 303, John L. Fairly 202. Commons, Williams 609, Malloy 492, Isaac Dockery 404. Clerk C. C't, Covington 317, Daniel McLauchlin 157, Alex'r McLauchlin 134, J. A. Vaughan 142. For change of the constitution 507, against it 27.

ANSON.—Wm A. Morris, S. without opposition; —— Kitterell and A. W. Brandon, C. — White, S. C. C; Wm Dismukes, C. C. C. *State of the poll*—Kitterell 816, Brandon 763, Smith 453, Gordon 429, Cuthbertson 187. S. C. Clerk, White 694, Myers 679. C. C. Clerk, Dismukes 711, Beverly 223, Johnson 132, Davidson 200. For Convention 1370, Against it 3.

MOORE.—Duncan Murchison, S.; J. Montgomery and Wm. Wadsworth, C. John Morrison, Clk. S. Court and Alexander C. Curry, Clerk C. Court. *State of the Poll.*—Senate, Murchison 293, Josiah Tyson 168, Jas. H. Muse 163; Commons, J. Montgomery 628, Wm. Wadsworth 641, Angus McDonald 504. Clerk S. Court, John Morrison 442, Daniel McNeill 249, James McBryde, 169, Alex'r Munk 66; Clerk C. Court, Curry 449, Cornelius Dowd 445. For Convention 739, against it 62.

ROBESON.—S. Howell, S.; Giles McLean and Alexander Watson, C. Richard C. Bunting, Clk. S. Court, and A. McEachin, Clerk C. Court.

COLUMBUS.—L. R. Simmons, S.; Caleb Stephens and Marmaduke Powell, C.

BLADEN.—Robert Melvin, S.; Robert Lyon and William Jones, C. Alex'r McDowell, C. S. C. Patrick Kelly, C. C. C.

DUPLIN.—John E. Hussey, S; Joseph Gillespie and A. Q. Graddy, C. J. Pearsall, Clerk Sup'r Court; J. Wadkins, Clk. C. C.

CHATHAM.—Nathan A. Stedman, S; John S. Guthrie and Carney Cotton, C. John Thompson C. S. C; Thomas Ragland, C. C. C.

MECKLENBURG.—Washington Morrison S; Wm J. Alexander and Andrew Grier, C. Pearsall Thompson, C. S. C; Braley Oates C. C. C. For Convention 1656, against it 37.

WAKE.—Chas. L. Hinton, S.; N. G. Rand and Wesley Jones, C. B. S. King, C. C. C., and J. C. Stedman, C S. Court. For a change of the Constitution 81, against it 181.

ORANGE.—William Montgomery, S.; Jos. Ellison and John Stockard, C. John Taylor, C. C. C. and G. W. Bruce, C. S. Court.

PERSON.—Robert Vanhook, S.; Robert Jones and Thomas McGehee, C.

JOHNSTON.—Hilary Wilder, S.; John McLeod and Josiah Holder, C.—*State of the Poll*—Senate, Wilder 388, Thos. Rice 313. Commons, John McLeod 534, Josiah Holder 498, Josiah Adams 420, Cader Whittey 242, Jacob J. G. Woodall 189, —— Woodard 81. For Congress, J. Speight 939, no opposition.

FRANKLIN.—Thomas G. Stone, S.; William H. Battle and Joseph J. Maclin, C.

NASH.—Samuel Arrington, S.; George Boddie and —— Taylor, C.

WAYNE.—Gabriel Sherrard, S.; Cullen A. Blackman and Patrick Cromwell, C.

PITT.—A. Moye, S.; J. L. Foreman, R. Cherry, C.

BEAUFORT.—William E. Smaw, S.; William M. Kennedy and Samuel Smallwood, C.

WARREN.—W. N. Edwards, S.; John Bragg and T. J. Judkins, C.

BERTIE.—A. W. Mebane, S.; David Outlaw and T. J. Pugh, C.

### FOR CONGRESS.

FAYETTEVILLE DISTRICT.

Edmund Deberry is elected, by a majority of 37 votes over Lauchlin Bethune, the late member. State of the poll:

| | *Deberry.* | *Bethune.* |
|---|---|---|
| Cumberland County, | 340 | 967 |
| Robeson " | 284 | 726 |
| Richmond " | 516 | 258 |
| Anson " | 1008 | 399 |
| Montgomery " | 831 | 253 |
| Moore " | 289 | 628 |
| | 3268 | 3231 |

RALEIGH DISTRICT.

Gen. Daniel L. Barringer is re-elected by a majority of something more than 100 votes. In Orange the vote was, for Barringer 908, for Col. Williamson 1518. In Wake, Barringer 1443, Williamson 129. The exact vote in Person not ascertained.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

The result not ascertained. Columbus county gave Gen. McKay 437 votes, and Dr. Dishong 13 votes. Duplin gave Dishong upwards of 400 majority, and Bladen gave McKay between one and two hundred majority. Seven counties in the District.

GRANVILLE DISTRICT.

Gen. M. T. Hawkins is re-elected. State of the Poll:

| | *Hawkins.* | *Gilliam.* | *Williams.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| Granville County, | 615 | 963 | 101 |
| Nash " | 257 | 375 | 254 |
| Franklin " | 210 | 63 | 695 |
| Warren " | 589 | 73 | 138 |
| | 1671 | 1474 | 1188 |

*Singular Circumstance.*—This Congressional District has long been remarkable for close contests—the majority of the successful candidate seldom reaching 100 votes. At the election in 1831, between Messrs. Deberry and Bethune, the former, who had been the incumbent, was beaten by a majority of 37 votes only. The election just held between the same candidates, has resulted in the defeat of Mr. Bethune, the late member, by the identical majority of 37 votes!

We take pleasure in stating, that the member-elect is in favor of the U. S. Bank and of Mr. Clay's Land Bill.

*The Convention Question.*—It will be seen that this County has given a nearly unanimous vote in favor of amending the constitution. Anson and Mecklenburg have done even better, and Moore and Richmond almost as well. The only thing we have to fear in regard to the decision of this question, is, that the subject was not attended to.

We will thank some friend in those neighboring counties, from which returns have not been received, to inform us of the result.

*Internal Improvement.*—The Wilmington Press contains the information that there has been subscribed to the project of a Rail Road from that town to Raleigh, $113,000 in Wilmington alone, and that they expect to increase the subscription to $150,000 in that town, and $50,000 in the County of New Hanover. In addition to this, we learn that $50,000 have been subscribed in Sampson County, on condition that the Road shall run through Clinton.

Citizens of Fayetteville! Will not such facts as these rouse you to action? With more at stake than any town in North Carolina, will you slumber on whilst Virginia and South Carolina and Wilmington are exerting all their means to ruin you? Depend upon it that no time is to be lost. A short period wasted in inactivity, and the question will not be, whether you shall extend your trade so as to make Fayetteville the mart of business for Western Carolina, but it will be, can you preserve what you have, or even the half of it? South Carolina seeing our criminal carelessness, will speedily commence a Rail Road to some town in the Western part of this State, which will deprive us of a fourth of our trade. Wilmington has her eye upon another fourth; and Virginia will secure a small part. After these neighbors shall have accomplished their purposes, there will be nothing left worth constructing a Rail Road for. We entreat our fellow citizens, unless they are prepared to look ruin in the face, to be up and doing.

☞ The Communication signed "Pee Dee" was received too lale for this paper: It shall appear in our next.

U. S. Bank Stock has taken another rise in New York—large sales having been made on Tuesday last at from $112½ to $113.

*Gama Grass.*—The National Intelligencer having copied from the Observer of the 30th ult. Mr. Meares's interesting account of his experiments with the Gama Grass, immediately received the following gratifying note:

*To the Editors of the National Intelligencer.*

GENTLEMEN: For the information of those who wish to make an experiment on the Tripsacum Dactyloides, so fully and favorably mentioned in the National Intelligencer of this morning, under the name of Gama Grass, I can inform such, that it is now to be found, growing in abundance, on the farm of Mr. R. B. Mason, at the south end of the Potomac Bridge. This plant I discovered several years since, during my botanical rambles at that place, and then endeavored to draw public attention to it, as a valuable fodder, finding that horses ate it in preference to any other food near them. This grass is also valuable in binding together loose blowing sands, and would therefore be of great use on farms bordering on the seacoast and rivers which are washed by heavy rains and floods. A.

August 7, 1833.

[The respectable author of the above has left at this Office a stalk or two of the Grass which he describes, taken from the island referred to.—*Edits. Nat. Intell.*]

In another part of this paper will be found a notice of the death of one of North Carolina's most distinguished sons—John Stanly. Since that was in type, we have received the Newbern Spectator, containing a long and interesting obituary notice, from which we have only room for the following extract:

As a speaker in the Legislative Hall it may well be questioned if he ever had a superior. On every subject and at all times when the public good required it, when any of the interests of the State were in danger, he was ready—always ready, either with explanation for the candid inquirer; or with logic, wit and eloquence to confront a respected adversary; or with withering sarcasms and bold rebuke to awe and chastise vulgarity, pertness, ignorance and self-conceit. He was emphatically the terror of blockheads and witlings. His tact in the management of a debate resembled intuition. On the instant he shaped, adopted and pursued the very course which most effectually answered his purpose. One instance among hundreds which occur to the memory at this moment, may be given as illustrative of this extraordinary quickness. When General Lafayette was expected to visit North Carolina, Resolutions were introduced of a very liberal character authorising the Governor, without regard to expense, to receive him as the guest of the State. The Assembly contained its full proportion of those economists and calculators who seek to ingratiate themselves with the people by voting against every expenditure of money, and it was exceedingly feared that if the question were taken by the yeas and nays, all these—however willing that the resolutions might pass—would record their votes against them. It was the fixed policy and earnest object of those who trembled for the character of the State, to prevent that mode of taking the question. To their dismay, a demand was made for the yeas and nays, by a leader of the illiberal junto, and if this were seconded, the constitution enjoined that the question should be so put. Mr. Stanly instantly arose,—his clear blue eye bright with unusual fire,—his outstretched arm directed to the member who had just resumed his seat,—and his noble voice deep and full beyond its ordinary richness. "Mr. Speaker," he exclaimed, "I thank the gentleman for his motion. I rise to second it. It is due to the honor of North Carolina to shew, in the most solemn form, that there is not a man amongst us who hesitates to do all which that honor enjoins—or, if there be such a miscreant in our body, it is right that there should be an opportunity of gibbetting his name high on the pillory of infamy." Not a word more was said. The question was taken, and all,—even the mover of the yeas and nays—recorded their votes in favour of the resolutions.

It was in the Legislative Hall, the great field of his fame, that he received his death-blow. In January, 1827, the House had gone into a Committee of the Whole purposely to afford him an opportunity of delivering his sentiments on a subject in which it was known that he felt a deep interest. It was a Bill that he thought menaced the permanency of our Supreme Court, an institution which he cherished as inseparably connected with the honour of the State and the character of its jurisprudence. Public expectation was excited to a high pitch, and the lobbies and galleries crowded to excess. He rose with his usual dignity and self-possession, and uttered a few sentences, when his speech became difficult and indistinct. He paused,—endeavored to proceed,—again paused,—again attempted to speak,—but in vain. The melancholy truth flashed upon every mind, he was struck with palsy! The Committee instantly rose; he was conducted to the Speaker's chair; the House adjourned in confusion,—and he was carried off in the arms of his friends. Since that memorable day he has lingered, sorely smitten, the wreck of his former self, sinking day by day, mind and body, strength and intellect, under this grievous infliction, until Friday last, when the lamp of life, long flickering in the socket, blazed up for a moment, and was then extinct for ever!

The reader will find in this paper a characteristic letter from Major Jack Downing. We observe in some of the Northern papers, that some persons have been in doubt whether he was a real or a fictitious character. Lest any of our readers should doubt, we take the opportunity of saying, that it is a fictitious signature adopted by the Editor of the Portland Courier, as sponsor for his wit.

Extract of a letter to the Editors, dated *Smithfield, Johnston C'ty., Aug.* 3, 1833.

"Yesterday, there was a collection of people at this place to ascertain the result of the Election, and in the course of a few hours, *Twenty-two Thousand Dollars* were subscribed towards carrying into operation the Rail Road from Raleigh to Wilmington, *via* Waynesborough. It seems, that *even* Johnston is awakening from her slumber."

*Ral. Register.*

☞ The Proceedings of the late Internal Improvement Convention, have been printed in Pamphlet form for *gratuitous* distribution. County Committees, and others who feel an interest in the subject, can obtain any number of copies on application, or by sending an order with directions how they shall be transmitted.—*Ral. Reg.*

*Stage Accident.*—As the Stage from Halifax to this City, was descending a hill near Moccasin creek, in Nash county, on Saturday last, the horses became frightened and started to run, and in a few moments upset the Stage. There were a number of passengers, all of whom, we regret to state, sustained greater or less injury. Col. *Leonard*, of Nash, had his arm and leg broken, and Mr. *Lauriston B. Harden*, of Washington City, had his collar bone fractured.—Col. *Achille Murat*, was a passenger.

*Ral. Reg.*

*Our City.*—There are now about twenty new brick buildings going up on Fayetteville street, in this city, intended for Stores. They are, for the most part, of the largest class, and will be finished in a superior style of neatness. These alone, give active employment to a large number of persons, and in addition thereto, we find that there are 120 workmen engaged about the new Capitol, in various occupations.—*Ib.*

We understand that a quarrel took place on Sunday night between two black sailors, on board brig Crusader, in the course of which one was so severely stabbed as that his life is despaired of. This handling of *stabbing irons* and pistols on every trivial occasion ought to be put a stop to.

*Wilmington Press.*

*The Cotton Market.*—Sixteen and a half cents was yesterday offered and refused for a lot of eighty-eight bales of prime Cotton.

*Charleston Courier.*

On Wednesday last, says the Lou. (N. O.) *Advertiser*, of 26th ult. two gentlemen of this city, engaged in an affair of honor, in which one of the combatants was killed. His antagonist escaped untouched. We learn that another duel was fought on the same day, in which one of the gentlemen was slightly wounded.

*Cure for Family Quarrels.*—M. Rose, the Private Secretary to Louis XVI., was wealthy in the extreme. His daughter was married to a nobleman who expected to be enriched by the death of his father in-law; nevertheless he could not agree with his bride; they had perpetual quarrels, and M. Rose was frequently teased by the complaints his son-in-law brought to him of the untractable temper of his daughter. At last he was provoked to say "I am sorry you find your wife so troublesome, my friend, and I am determined, the next cause of complaint she gives you, to punish her by disinheriting her." From that moment the father heard of no more grievances.

Lieutenant Collings Long, commanding the U. S. Schooner Dolphin, states in a letter to the Secretary of the Navy, dated April, 1833, Valparaiso Bay, that for the nine months previous only nine persons on board had drawn the liquor part of their rations.

*Cholera in Illinois.*—We regret to state that letters were received in town yesterday, announcing the death by Cholera of Ninian Edwards, Governor of Illinois, at Billeville, in that state. The disease, it is added, was abating.

*The Western Trade.*—It is stated in the Cleveland Herald, that produce to the value of one and a half millions of dollars, was exported last year from that port, and that probably two millions of dollars worth would be exported the present year. Cleveland, as most of our readers know, is situated on the shore of Lake Erie, at the mouth of the Ohio Canal, and the far greater part of this produce has been received via the canal. Comparatively speaking it is quite recently also since this canal was opened; and if such be the results already—before commerce has assumed any particular channel, and before the district of country from which this amount of produce was drawn, is more than one-third peopled—what will they be, a few years hence?

The trade of the state of Ohio and adjacent portions of the fruitful West, constitutes a prize well worthy of competition. New York was first in the field, with her Grand Canal;—Pennsylvania then commenced her system of improvement by Canals: pushing them westward to the limits of her territory, and now contemplating a cross cut from her own canal to intersect that of Ohio. Then comes the magnificent undertaking of Maryland,—the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road. In the contest for this mighty prize, Rail Roads must have a decided advantage over Canals.

Aware of this, at length, New York is about to put forth her strength in another effort. The trade of Ohio is the great object which she would secure by the newly projected rail road, through her "southern tier of counties," from the city of New York to Lake Erie. The prize is worthy of the competition.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

### *Communications.*

FOR THE OBSERVER.

MR. HALE:—You will please be good enough to say (through the medium of your paper) to the Commissioners of Wards No. 3 and 4, that if the nuisances in the Ditches, particularly on the back Streets, be not removed forthwith, we will tell them of it in an audible voice in January next. The Ditches on Donaldson, Mumford and Old Streets, are in a horrid condition, and it is impossible to say, what else than Musquitoes may there be generated.

HEALTH.

*Mr. Hale:*—As Acrostic Writing has been quite in vogue here for a short time past, the following, written at the request of a friend, is at your disposal:

AN ACROSTIC.

'Mid storms and tempests desolating sway,
Yonder on high appears a brilliant ray,
Such as once shone from Sinai's lofty peak,
And flush'd a holy Patriarch's wayworn cheek;
View him ascend the Mount with holy fear,
In God he trusted, knowing God was near;
Oh for the faith that Moses then possess'd,
Unknown to any but the Christian's breast,
Receive such, Lord, to thy eternal rest.

PHILO.

MARRIED,

In Montgomery County, a few days ago, Mr. WILSON DEBERRY, to Miss ELIZABETH WALL.

DIED,

In this vicinity, on Thursday last, JUDSON, infant Son of Mr. Samuel Mims.

At Rutherfordton, on the 25th ult., SARAH ALEXANDER, daughter of the Hon. James Martin, of Salisbury.

COMMUNICATED.

The melancholy task of chronicling the victims of death, is the last duty that we can perform at the shrine of friendship.

Departed this life, on the morning of the 21st of July last, Miss MARY J. STANBACK, in the 23d year of her age, eldest daughter of Mr. David Stanback, of Richmond County, North Carolina.

Seldom has it fallen to the lot of any one to record the death of a more amiable young lady, or one who was more generally beloved among a large circle of acquaintances. It is natural, therefore, to suppose that her death would excite emotions of sadness in many a heart that formerly rejoiced in her presence. Although she has left behind beloved parents, relations and many endeared friends to mourn her loss, yet we are well assured that our loss is her eternal gain. We have lost her society, but she has gained the society of glorified spirits. She evinced penitence for sin and a strong attachment for the Christian religion, the consolation of which enabled her to freely resign the world, with all its allurements, for an entrance into that heavenly city, whose builder and maker is God.

"She lays in the calm embrace of death,
And the icy chain that bound her
Seem'd formed by the spell of some magical breath,
That formed a bright halo around her.

She lay as a rose that's crushed in the bud,
By the first dark storm of the morning,
And a fragrance is left while her spirit's with God,
The throne of his wisdom adorning.

It seems but a day that we saw her leap
In the spirit of youth and gladness,
But her Maker saw best in his goodness to reap
The rich harvest, and leave us in sadness.

Her innocent spirit he saw was too fair,
To be wasted in earthly pleasure,
And he gathered it home to his holy care,
As a bright gem of heavenly treasure."

P. D. J.

In Newbern, on the 3d instant, the Hon. JOHN STANLY. It will be recollected that during the session of the Legislature of 1826—'27, while Mr. Stanly was engaged in the duties of Speaker of the House of Commons, and was in the act of delivering a speech, his course was suddenly arrested by an attack of Hemiplegia, and he was borne from the House in a perfect helpless state, having entirely lost the use of one side, and almost the power of speech. In this painful condition he remained until he was delivered by the hand of death.—Thus has descended to the tomb one of North Carolina's most distinguished and useful sons. He had devoted a great portion of his life to the public service—chiefly in our State Legislature and in the Congress of the United States; in both of which offices he held a pre-eminent rank, especially as a debater; in which capacity he had few equals—superiors none. Nor were his private worth and virtues of a less exalted and enviable character.—But we leave his eulogy to abler hands, and doubt not that some one, competent to the task, will do justice to his memory.—*Raleigh Star.*

At Belgrade, Washington county, N. C. on the 4th instant, Mrs. MARY PETTEGREW aged 84 years, 7mo. and 20 days. This venerable and estimable lady was the consort of the Rev. Charles Pettegrew, first Bishop elect of the Protestant Episcopal Church of North Carolina.

*Fayetteville Market.*—Brandy, peach, 55 a 60. Do. apple, 45 a 50. Bacon, 8 a 9. Beeswax 17 a 17½. Coffee 13½ a 15. Cotton, 11½ a 13⅜. Corn 63 a 70. Flaxseed, $1 a 1 10. Flour, new 5 50 a $6. Feathers 32 a 35. Iron 4½ a 5½. Molasses 33 a 35. Nails, cut, 6⅛ a 6¼. Sugar, brown, 8½ a 10; Lump 14; Loaf 15 a 18. Salt 65 a 75. Wheat $1. a 1 05. Whiskey 30 a 35. Tobacco, (leaf) 3¼ a 3¾. Wool 17½ a 19.

RATES OF EXCHANGE.

Checks on the North, $500 and over, ½ per cent. under $500, ¼ per cent.
South Carolina Notes 1½ per cent. discount.
Virginia Notes 2 per cent. discount.

### COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, on Thursday last, Henrietta Steam Boat Company's Boat Messenger, with Dry Goods and Groceries, to G. Hurlbutt, C. T. Haigh, John McArn, Hugh Campbell, Jr. Nott & Starr, James Martine, and Samuel Jones.

### Port of Wilmington.

*Arrived up to August 7.*

Schrs. Wm. H. Crawford from Trinidad, Little Jack from Charleston, Ann Smith from New York.


### Hair.

PLASTERER'S *HAIR* for sale by JAS. G. COOK.

*August* 12, 1833. 45-4t.

### Engrave

IN all its various branches, *neatly exe* Subscriber: who has for sale, on re le terms, an assortment of

***Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c.***

W. WIDDIFIELD.—*Brick Row.*

☞N. B.—WATCH REPAIRING particularly attended to.

*Fayetteville, August* 13, 1833. 45-1m.

### Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!

### New, Cheap & Fashionable

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, STOCKS, CRAVAT STIFFENERS, SUSPENDERS, LINEN COLLARS, HATTER'S TRIMMINGS, SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER, BRIDLE & HARNESS Do., SADDLES, BRIDLES, &c., Viz:

100 cases Hats, assorted qualities,
1000 pair thick pegged Brogans,
500 do. Russet do do.
1000 do. Kip do do.
500 do. do do do. very cheap,
100 do. fine calf Boots, New York best style,
150 do. do do do. 2d quality,
150 do. do do do. 3d ditto,
200 do. brass nailed Boots, 5's to 8's,
150 do. pegged do., cheap and fashionable,
100 do. finest calf Shoes, New York best,
200 do. do do 2d quality,
200 do. do do 3d ditto,
200 do. do do 4th ditto,
200 do. brass Brogans, 5 to 12,
300 do. kip do. sewed,
200 do. children's red Morocco Boots,
300 do. do leather Boots, thick and thin sole,
200 do. do prunella Shoes and Boots, assorted,
200 do. Misses Shoes, of every description,
200 do. Ladies prunella Shoes, very neat,
200 do. do do (with slides) Slippers,
200 do. do French Morocco Slippers, with slides,
200 do. do undressed do do do do,
100 do. black satteen Slippers, (Ladies')
100 do. black English kid, do.
30 do. white satteen figured (for particular occasions,)
150 do. Ladies' prunella Boots, 1st & 2d quality,
150 do. do Morocco do 1st & 2d do.
250 do. do leather do 1st & 2d do.
100 do. Ladies' Gater Boots,
Dalrymple's best paste Blacking,
3 doz. best silk Umbrellas and Parasols,
1 doz. cotton Umbrellas, cheap,
Cotton Cards,
1 doz. Franklin bag Caps,
1 do. boy's do do.
1 do. Chinchilla do do.
1 do. silk Jackson bow and bag do.
1 do. Orleans, do.
2 do. men's black hair Stocks,
2 do. do do bombazine do. plain,
2 do. do do do do. pleated,
2 do. do do do do. bow,
2 do. do do velvet do. plain,
2 do. white hair Stocks do.
2 do. do do do bow,
2 do. cravat Stiffeners,
5 do. linen Collars, different qualities,
Pantaloons Straps.

Besides a great variety of other GOODS in my line too numerous to mention. The above Goods have just been received from the North, and a great many of them manufactured expressly for me; all of which will be sold very low, either at wholesale or retail.

G. HURLBUTT.

*August* 13, 1833. 45-tf.

☞N. B. I shall replenish my stock by every arrival from New York.

### NEW STORE.

THE Subscribers have purchased the Stock of Mr. H. Campbell, Jun'r, to which they intend in a few days to add a large assortment of every thing new and fashionable for the season, with a full supply of Groceries, which they are determined to sell at the lowest possible cash prices; and they will continue to occupy Mr. Campbell's stand on Hay street, a few doors West of the Market House, where, by industry and a strict attention to business, they hope to merit a share of public patronage and support.

G McKINNELL,
R. N. McMILLAN.

N. B. Messrs. McKinnell & McMillan are duly authorized to receive and grant discharges for all debts due to me; and those indebted are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, either to me or them.

HUGH CAMPBELL, Jr.

*August* 12, 1833. 45-tf.

### *University of Maryland.*

THE *LECTURES* in the Medical Department of this Institution will commence on the last Monday of October, and continue until the first of March.

NATHANIEL POTTER, M. D.
*Pathology and the Practice of Medicine;*
RICHARD WILMOT HALL, M. D.
*Obstetrics and the diseases of Women and Children.*
NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D. *Surgery.*
JULIUS T. DUCATEL, M. D.
*Chemistry and Pharmacy.*
E. GEDDINGS, M. D.
*Anatomy and Physiology.*
ROBLEY DUNGLISON, M. D. *Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Hygiene, and Medical Jurisprudence.*

☞Clinical Lectures will be given at the Baltimore Infirmary, by the Professors of the Practice of Medicine and Surgery.

According to a recent enactment of the Board of Trustees, Candidates for the degree of Doctor of Medicine are required to attend two full courses of the Lectures of each Professor in this Institution, or having attended one full course in some School where the same branches are taught, a second in this. It is understood, however, that those Students who have already attended one course of Lectures in the University of Maryland, shall be entitled to the privilege of graduation under the former regulations.

E. GEDDINGS, M. D., *Dean.*

*Baltimore, July 5* 1833. 45-t1N.

### *Transylvania University.*

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE LECTURES in this institution will commence as usual, on the 1st Monday of November, and terminate on the first Saturday in March. The courses are—

Anatomy and Surgery, *by Dr. Dudley.*
Institutes of Medicine and Clinical Practice, *by Dr Caldwell.*
Theory and Practice of Physic, *by Dr. Cooke.*
Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children., *by Dr. Richardson.*
Materia Medica and Medical Botany, *by Dr. Short.*
Chemistry and Pharmacy, *by Dr. Yandell.*

During the entire term, the Professor of Anatomy and Surgery lectures nine times each week, and the other Professors daily, Sabbaths excepted; —The fees to the entire course, with matriculation and the use of the Library, amount to $110. —The graduation fee is $20.

The Cholera having left it, Lexington now enjoys its ordinary health.

By order of the Faculty,
C. W. SHORT, M. D. *Dean.*

Lexington, (Ky.) July 27, 1833.—45-12w.

SYMPTOMS OF REFORM.

We are surprised (says the Portland Advertiser,) to find political sentiments so sound as these in the Bangor Republican:

"The press should never shut its eyes to the errors of its party in power. It is more agreeable to the disposition of man to be a sovereign than a servant. And when office holders can surround themselves with presses, teaching the kingly doctrine, that they "can do no wrong," the very nature of our institutions is changed. The voice of the People no longer reaches the ear of our rulers, for the press must utter nothing disagreeable to such great functionaries; while the measures of the latter are but imperfectly understood by the People, the press supporting rulers in all things, right or wrong. In this state of affairs, our Government is no longer a democracy but an oligarchy, of a dangerous and odious character.

It is to the People only, that the press is amenable, standing in the same relation to them as office holders do. And a combination between the press and men in office, is, of all others the most dangerous to our liberties, and should be watched and resisted by the People with unremitted vigilance. It is either office holders or expectants that form most of the little bustling busy coteries of small politicians in most towns and villages, who assume vast importance, as though the Government of the world rested on their shoulders, who think they are authorized to act for thousands bearing the same party name, and who constitute the little oligarchies subservient to the large ones of the metropolic shire towns or the like, and who would fain manage the party press to suit their own narrow ambitious views, selfish designs, or imperfect knowledge of their own principles, and high party interests."

*Home Trade.*—The N. Y. Mercantile states several interesting facts relative to this subject—among the rest, that the merchandize imported from Boston into that city annually exceeds the amount of goods imported from Liverpool; that the present annual consumption of Cotton in the United States amounts to at least 325,000 bales; and that the whole Cotton crop of the United States would not pay for the *hats* and *boots* and *shoes* annually worn by our citizens. The first of these positions is founded on an estimate of the immense number of daily arrivals in New York from Boston, and the amount of the cargoes; the second on statistical documents; the third on the supposition that 13,000,000 of population cannot possibly consume a less, but probably a much greater amount than three dollars per head, in hats, boots, and shoes, which makes a grand total of $39,000,000.

The truth is, says the Mercantle, our Home trade being subject to no impost, its immense amount is not registered, and therefore escapes our notice, while our foreign trade being reported at the several custom houses, its amount and value are continually before us.

*Important Discovery.*—The Pittsburg Gazette mentions that Mr. John Murray of that city, who commenced boring for salt near a year ago, on the south side of the Monongalia river, not far from the bridge, after attaining a depth of 627 feet, has struck a body of salt water which is said to be of force sufficient to rise 30 feet above the level of the earth. The water thus found is said to be stronger than the average of that at the salt works on the Kiskemitas. A quantity sufficient to make 12 to 15 lbs. of salt, is discharged spontaneously every day; and Mr. Murray thinks that by the aid of a pump, sufficient water can be raised to make fifty barrels per day.

In its downward progress, on this occasion, the chisel struck no less than six different veins of coal, at distances of from 40 to 140 feet apart:—the veins varying from 3½ to 10 inches in thickness. Its subterranean treasures, added to the industry and enterprise of its inhabitants, must always make Pittsburg a flourishing place, and secure for it a course of prosperity.

*Rain.*—The Richmond *Whig* says, "that many bets of a small amount, were made by a gentleman of that city, that it would rain upon the 25th ult. and the event justified his opinion. He says that it has never failed to do so for the last 17 years. A gentleman in the county of Goochland, has a standing bet which has been continued for twelve or fifteen years, that it will rain the first Saturday in every August, all of which he has won, except in one instance.—These are singular facts, which deserve the attention of the wise and the learned."

Through the friend of Gen. Hampton, we are enabled to correct the account we copied in our last relative to the alleged great mortality on his plantation near New Orleans. He has not lost more than twenty of his slaves by Cholera, and the number reported to have died would embrace all and more than belong to that establishment.

At a recent meeting of the Grand Lodge of the State of Massachusetts, the united ages of the three first officers amounted to 228 years. All these seventy-fivers are in the enjoyment of good health.—They all bore arms in the war of the Revolution, and all saw the battle of Bunker Hill.


## New Spring Goods.

THE Subscribers are this day receiving in part, their Spring supplies of

**Staple and Fancy Dry GOODS,**
**Ready Made CLOTHING,**
**HARDWARE & CUTLERY,**
***HATS and SHOES,***
**HATTER'S TRIMMINGS, SADDLERY**

of all descriptions, &c. &c., the whole of which are expected in a few days, and which will comprise a more general assortment than ever before offered at *wholesale* in this market.

With a view of making the Stock worthy the attention of Dealers generally, the assortment has been made this Spring, much more general, and having been selected with care and on the best terms, they flatter themselves they will be enabled to offer inducements making it worthy the interest of their friends and the public generally, to which they invite their attention.

HALL & JOHNSON.

## In Store,

**110** Hhds. prime retailing MOLASSES,
25,000 lbs. prime green COFFEE,
300 kegs Nails,
Bar, hoop and sheet Iron,
Iron, brass and steel Wire,
Dye Stuffs and Paints,

Together with a very general assortment of every article in the Grocery Line.

HALL & JOHNSON.
*April* 21, 1833. 29tf.

## Boot & Shoe Manufactory.

***PELEG PEARCE,***



Respectfully offers his thanks to his friends and former customers for the very liberal encouragement he has received the past year, and informs them that he still remains at his former Stand on Gillespie street, where he has on hand, a general assortment of

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**

Which he will sell low for cash. He has just received from Philadelphia, a good supply of Leather of the best kind, which will enable him to execute all orders in the neatest and most durable manner, at short notice. All kinds of repairing done on reasonable terms.

*Fayetteville, April* 9. 27tf.

## WINE.

**10** Quarter Casks sweet MALAGA, } WINE,
10 " " SHERRY, }

For sale by

AMOS KIMBALL.
*May* 28. 34tf.

## NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVING BY STEAMER JOHN WALKER,

**100** Hhds. prime MOLASSES,

For sale by

JONES FULLER.
May 21st, 1833. 33-tf.

## Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.

JUST RECEIVED,

**105** Bags Rio and Laguyra COFFEE,
10 hhds. Molasses,
40 kegs Nails, assorted 4d @ 20d.
60 sets Wagon Boxes.

***In Store,***

Sugar, Salt, Iron, Steel, Castings,
Loaf and Lump Sugar, and Sirup,
35 boxes Fayetteville mould Candles,
Cotton Bagging, bale Rope, and Cotton Yarn,
2500 bushels of bread Corn, Oats, Flour & Bacon,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger.

Together with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce—by

HENRY HORN.
*May* 28. 34tf.

## Molasses, Coffee and Sugar.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

**100** Bags Rio and Laguira COFFEE,
20 hhds. prime New Orleans Molasses,
15 do. prime Porto Rico do.
2 do. common quality do.
8 do. good Porto Rico Sugar,

*—On Hand—*

350 sacks blown SALT,
300 do Liverpool ground do.
1000 bushels Liverpool do. in bulk,
500 do. Alum ditto,
40 bags Coffee,
8 barrels Sugar,
50 kegs Nails,
5 tons Swedes Iron,
German and blistered Steel,
50 barrels Mackerel, Nos. 1, 2 & 3,
No. 1 Salmon, a good article,
10,000 lbs good Bacon.

The above, together with other articles, too tedious to enumerate, make the Subscriber's assortment of Groceries (Liquors of all kinds excepted) worthy the attention of purchasers; they are invited to call and examine them.

WILLIAMSON WHITEHEAD.
*April* 16, 1833. 28-tf.

## Notice to Travellers,

FARE REDUCED.

THE Charleston Mail Coach, via Lumberton, Marion Court House, and Georgetown, leaves the Planter's Hotel every day at 2 o'clock P. M.

This Line has been greatly improved by the addition of new Coaches and several Teams of Horses. The time so arranged that Godfrey's Ferry and Pee Dee Swamp are crossed by day light: the Houses of accommodation are good.

Fare through $18. Apply for Seats, or further information, at the Planter's Hotel.

A. DOUGLASS, *Agent for the Proprietor.*

N. B. All Baggage and Parcels at the risk of the owners.

*December* 10. 10t.

## Travelling Trunks and Bags.

JUST received an assortment of Leather TRAVELLING TRUNKS and BAGS.

For sale by

A. KIMBALL.
*November* 13. §6-tf §

## NEW SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Spring supply of FANCY DRY GOODS, &c. direct from New York and Philadelphia, which he offers for sale at his usual low prices for cash.

H. CAMPBELL, Jr.
Fayetteville, Feb. 26. 21tf.

## Beef.

A FEW half Barrels *MESS BEEF*, put up expressly for family use, for sale by

A. KIMBALL.

## Mill Saws.

THE Subscriber has just received a few dozen Rowland's MILL SAWS of extra thickness, manufactured expressly for this market.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.
*April* 16, 1833. 28tf.

## Soap.

**50** BOXES No. 1. bar *SOAP*, just received by Steamer John Walker, for sale by

A. KIMBALL.

## COTTON GINS.

THE Subscriber has again commenced the manufacture of Cotton Gins, at his residence, Leesville, Robeson County, N. C. and intending to make the business permanent, he has engaged the services of one of the best workmen in the Southern Country. He has also spared no pains, in procuring the very best materials; and to ensure patronage, he has reduced the price to $2 per Saw, six months credit, or $1 87 cash. His Gins being warranted.

After the present time, he will keep them constantly on hand at Hall & Johnson's. If he meets with encouragement, he will next year establish his Factory at Fayetteville, in which case he will also be enabled to repair Gins for a considerable extent of country around, which will be of great advantage to those owning Gins, and also to the quality of Cotton sold in the Fayetteville market, as much depends, in this article, as to quality of Gin and the order it is in.

J. W. POWELL.

*Reference* to Hall & Johnson, John M. Dobbin, C. P. Mallett, and Jos. Baker.
*June 29th,* 1833. 39-3 m.

## State of North Carolina.

MOORE COUNTY.

*Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions, May Term,* 1833.

Joseph Davis, and Ellender his wife, *vs.* William Kees, John Kees, Vinson Kees, James Kees, Samuel Kees, Thomas Kees, Cornelius Kees, and Sally Kees.

IT appearing to the Court, that Vinson Kees, Cornelius Kees and William Kees, Defendants in this case, reside out of the State, therefore it is *Ordered by the Court*, That publication be made in the *Fayetteville Observer*, for six weeks, that the aforesaid Vinson Kees, Gornelius Kees, and William Kees, appear at next Court, at the Court House in Carthage, on the third Monday in August next, and then and there plead, answer or demur, otherwise it will be taken *pro confesso* as to them.

Witness, *Cornelius Dowd*, Clerk of our said Court at Office, the third Monday of May, A. D. 1833. CORN'S DOWD, *Clk.*
*July* 2. 40-6w.

## SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he is now receiving at his Store, on the North corner of the Market Square, a very extensive assortment of Seasonable GOODS, selected in New York and Philadelphia, from the latest importations.—His stock is now unusually complete, embracing a great variety of *Seasonable, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, China, Crockery, Glass Ware, &c.,*

All of which will be offered by wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and retail Purchasers generally, are invited to examine his assortment, which comprizes in part, *The following, viz:*

Super blue, black and mixt Saxony CLOTHS,
Extra super blue and black London ditto
Do ditto green, claret, brown and olive, do.
Do ditto dark Oxford and light mixt, do.
Superfine black, drab and buff Cassimere,
Do black, brown and green crape Camlet, a beautiful article for gentlemen s wear,
Princetta & Brochella, black, blue, green & brown,
Fine black and light mixt Erminett and merino Cassimere,
Black Lasting and Goat's hair blue Camlet, a superior article,
Rowen Cassimere, printed Stormonts, blue and yellow Nankeens,
White Satteen, imperial and Cantoon Cord, Beaverteens and Moleskin, plain and striped,
White and brown Jeans and Drillings, some very superior—French Linen,
A large assortment of Valencia, Marseilles, silk Velvet, light and dark, plain and figured Vestings, some very handsome,
Irish Linens, in whole and demi pieces, & Long Lawn, unusually cheap,
English, Scotch and French Ginghams, newest style, a great variety, & some really beautiful,
An extensive selection of English and American Calicoes and Prints, some choice styles, very cheap,
Some beautiful 4-4 French Muslins, a splendid new article for Ladies' Dresses,
Super 6-4 French Bombazine and India Pongees
Black, brown, green, crimson and scarlet Bombazetts,
Green, scarlet and crimson Moreens, very cheap,
A great variety of silks including the most fashionable colors,
Favaroni's and Matteoni's best Italian Lutstring,
Pen-de-Soi, a new and fash article—black, white and colored Satins,
Extra rich heavy India black Satin, Levantine, Sinchews and Sarsnets,
Green and brown Sarsnet for Calashes, and bordered do for umbrella covering,
Green, white, pink, blue and straw colored Florences, extremely low,
Striped and watered Satins and Gros-de-Naps, very rich, for Ladies' Bonnets,
A great variety of Ladies' silk Shawls & Hdkffs.
Some beautiful Hernani, do ditto,
Linen Cambric do. plain and bordered—fine Linen Cambric and Bishop Lawns,
Plain and figured Book, Swiss, Jaconet & Mull Muslins, checked and ✕ barred,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambric, fine and common—Furniture Dimity and Table Napkins,
Gentlemen's heavy Bandanna and Pongee Handkerchiefs, cheap,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's silk and cotton Hosiery,
Do. do. Gloves, & Gentlemen's thread do & Socks,
A large assortment of Ladies' Prunella, Morocco, Seal and Leather Shoes,
Ditto Gentlemen's fine Shoes and Bootees, cheap,
Gentlemen's fine beaver Hats, fashionable shape,
Youths' ditto, and Caps,
Ladies' Parasols and sun Umbrellas, some very beautiful, with ivory carved handles,
Gentlemen's silk and cotton do. of superior finish,
Do. fashionable Stocks, white and black Satin and Bombazine, a great variety & cheap,
Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, latest style,
Bonnet Ribbons, belt do. and Taffetas, a variety,
Lace Veils, super blond gauze do., and green Barege,
3-4, 4-4, 5-4, & 6-4 brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, cheap,
Fine Irish Sheetings, Russia Diaper and Sheetings,
A large assortment of Brazilian tuck & side Combs,
Some beautiful shell do., plain do and carved,
Perfumery, Essences, Macassar Oil, Otto of Roses, Pungents, Powder Puffs, Vestimental Soap, indellible Ink, German Cologne, &c. &c.
An extensive assortment of Hardware and fine Cutlery,
A variety of fine pen and pocket Knives, Ladies' best steel Scissors,
A large assortment of Crockery Ware, some elegant sets of China,
Saddlery, &c., Gig, Riding and Sportsmen's Whips, some very elegant,

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to be enumerated; all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.
*Fayetteville, N. C. April* 16, 1833. 28tf.

## JEREMIAH KYLE, Jr.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of GOODS of James Kyle, intends to continue the

**Dry Goods,**
**Hardware & Grocery**

Business, at the old Stand formerly occupied by James Kyle; where he will be receiving new Goods by every arrival from New York and Philadelphia. The former customers of James Kyle, and all others wishing to purchase Goods by *WHOLESALE* or *RETAIL*, will please call and examine for themselves.

March 25, 1833.

## Bolting Cloths,

JUST received and for sale by

JERE: KYLE.
Aug. 5, 1833.

## For Sale—*For Cash or Produce,*

**6** Hhds. N. O. and Porto Rico SUGAR,
10 Bags Coffee,
50 Kegs cut Nails, assorted, from 4d to 20d.
Castings, a handsome assortment,
Heavy Trace Chains, Axes, Shovels, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wagon boxes, Swedes and English Iron, Copperas, Saltpetre, Madder, Indigo, &c.

—ALSO—

AN ASSORTMENT OF STAPLE

**Dry Goods,**

MEN'S CLOAKS.

**1000** bushels Liverpool and Alum SALT.

JOHN MUNN.
*December* 4, 1832. §9-tf.§

## FOR SALE, at Wilmington,

400 sacks of 4½ bushels esch of Liverpool SALT,
6000 bushels Turks Island Salt,
25 hhds. Porto Rico Sugar,
10 ditto, New Orleans,
80 ditto, Martinique Molasses, very good,
25 bbls. 4th proof Monongohela Spirits,
100 bags Cuba Coffee,
100 kegs White Lead.

LAZARUS & WHITMARSH.
*Janaary* 11, 1833. 15-tf.

## ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL,

IN addition to his former Stock, is now receiving and offers for sale at his Store, North corner of Market Square, the following, viz:

75 bags prime green COFFEE,
35 hhds. St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. O. Sugar,
Imperial Gunpowder, Souchong and Young Hyson Tea, in half and quarter chests and canisters, suitable for families,
30 barrels double refined loaf and lump Sugar,
5 do. Louisiana refined ditto,
Choice old Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, L. P. and Sicily Madeira, old Muscat and Malaga - - - } WINES,
Superior old Port, Champaigne and Claret,
Old Cogniac Brandy (Seignette brand) in pipes and quarter casks, *pure*,
Holland Gin, (Swan brand) old Jamaica Rum and Monongahela Whiskey, of excellent flavor,
15 hhds. N. E. Rum,
40 boxes fresh Raisins, bunch and bloom, some in half and quarter boxes,
Soft shell Almonds, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cayenne Pepper, race Ginger, Cinnamon, Pimento, sweet Oil, superior fresh Mustard in canisters, pearl Barley, &c.
London and Philadelphia Brown Stout Porter, in pint and quart bottles,
Stoughton's Bitters, fresh Lime Juice and Lemon Sirup,
Sweet Chocolate and fine Salt in boxes,
Demijohns assorted sizes, wine and porter Bottles,
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted sizes from 3d to 40d.
Dupont's Powder, bar Lead and Shot,
75 boxes mould candles, Spermaceti do.
50 sides sole Leather, some small sizes,
10,000 Spanish Segars, Saunders's best chewing Tobacco,
Scotch and Maccaboy Snuff in bottles,
3 ceroons Indigo, Chalk, Copperas, yellow Ochre, Spanish Brown and White,
Saltpetre, Alum, Spirits of Turpentine, Lamp Black, &c &c. &c.

*Fayetteville, N. C, April* 16, 1833. 28tf.

## NEW BOOKS.

SLADE'S Travels in Turkey and Greece; Waltham, a Tale; Salathiel, by Rev. Geo. Croley; Life of Jonah; Chaperone, by Lady Dacre; Nos. 7 and 8 Scott's Novels; Young Crusoe, being No. 12 Boy's and Girl's Library; Abbott's Young Christian; Memoirs of Rev. J. T. Thomason; Happiness of the Blessed, by Bishop Mant; Scougal's Works.

Just received for sale by E. J. HALE.
*July* 23, 1833.

## Sugar and Coffee.

*Just received by Steamboat John Walker.*

**20** Hhds. SUGAR,
60 bags prime Coffee,

For sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

## Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAMER JOHN WALKER,

**10** Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar,
50 bags green Coffee, for sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
*June* 2. 38-tf.

## *Cape Fear Navigation Company.*

DIVIDEND NUMBER 9.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Dividend of two per cent., or one Dollar per Share, on the Capital Stock of said Company, will be paid at the Office of the Treasurer, on the 10th of April next.

GEO. McNEILL, Agent and Treasurer.
*Fayetteville, March* 19, 1833. 24tf.

## The New York Mercury,

IS published every Wednesday at noon and sent off by the evening mails of that day and the morning mails of Thursday. The Mercury is made up of the principal articles of the Journal of Commerce including the review of the market, prices of stocks, &c., but without the ship news or advertisements. It is neatly printed on a very large and beautiful sheet. Price $3 per annum: $5 for one copy two years or $10 for four copies one year, payable always in advance. This paper is admirably calculated for agriculturalists and professional gentlemen and for all families.

## The Journal of Commerce,

IS published daily at $10 per annum, and twice a week at $5 per annum, or if paid in advance $4 per annum. Orders must be accompanied with money or a reference, and may be forwarded by mail at the risk of the Editors and without the payment of postage. Subscribers for the Journal of Commerce twice a week and the Mercury, are not received for a less time than one year.

*New York, April* 2, 1833 41-6w.

## Notice.

JUST RECEIVED PER STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA,

**35** Hhds. prime Cuba MOLASSES,
20 Hhds. superior Porto Rico ditto,

And for sale by

JONES FULLER.
*May* 10, 1833. 33tf.

## JACKSON HOTEL.

**Liberty Point,**
**FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.**

THE Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and hopes by unceasing assiduity, to merit a greater portion of patronage. He takes pleasure in stating, that he has just erected a splendid Hotel on the spot where he formerly lived. His table, as usual, shall be supplied with the luxuries of the market, and his Bar furnished with Liquors and Wines, not inferior to any Public House in the place. His Stables are also new, well supplied with the best provender, and attended by carefuland skillful Ostlers. His charges will be moderate.

WADDLE CADE.
November 27, 1832. 1-8tf.

## CHEAP AND NEW GOODS.

**D. MURCHISON,**

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public, that he has just received from New York, a general assortment of

**DRY GOODS,**

HATS, SHOES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY WARE, GROCERIES, &c , which he offers cheap for Cash, at his Store in Mac Rae's new Brick Buildings, corner Store, west of R. Maynard & Co.'s Medicine Store.

*Oct.* 8. 1-tf

## Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having large and commodious Warehouses in a convenient part of town, and so situated as to be almost entirely out of all danger by fire, would attend to any business connected with the above line on the usual terms, and hopes, by reason of the advantages he may possess in point of security against that destructive element, and his own exertions to give general satisfaction in all cases where business is entrusted to him, to receive a share of public patronage.

HENRY HORN.

N. B. Country Merchants and others consigning Goods and Packages to my care from any of the Northern Cities, or any part of the Country, will meet with prompt attention in having them forwarded to any part of the State or the adjoining counties

Fayetteville Jan. 1, 1833. (13tf.) H. H.

**25** Kegs cut NAILS assorted from 4d t o 20d, just received and for, sale by

J. MUNN.
*March* 13. 71tf.

## NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Store lately erected by Mr. Hooper, on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of Market Square, where he is now receiving and intends keeping constantly on hand, a good supply of the following articles.

Prime green COFFEE,
St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. Orleans SUGAR,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
Swedes and English Iron,
German and Blister Steel,
Molasses, Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead,
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine,
Trace Chains, Halters and Weeding Hoes,
Drugs and Medicines,
Loaf and lump Sugar, Copperas,
Window Glass and Putty; Bellows, Anvils, Vises,
Sole and upper Leather,

## DRY GOODS,

CROCKERY, HATS AND SHOES.

*COTTON AND WOOL CARDS,* &c. &c.

Without further enumeration, his Stock comprises an assortment particularly adapted to the country trade, all of which he is disposed to sell at fair prices for cash or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market prices.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

N. B.—Any Commission Business will also meet with prompt attention. W. O. J.
*October* 9. 1-tf.

## Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

ST. Croix and New Orleans SUGARS, in hhds.
Porto-Rico ditto, in bbls.
5 bags sup. old white COFFEE, for family use.

JOHN MUNN.
*April* 17. 76tf.

## FRESH LIME.

**200** Casks fresh Thomastown Stone LIME,
Just received, and for sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Fayetteville, Dec. 18, 1832. 11-tf.

## HADLOCK'S Vegetable Powder for Diseases of the Lungs.

For sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

## Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having commenced the above business, solicits a share of patronage. All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business appertaining to a general Commission Agency.

DANIEL DICKSON.
*Wilmington, N. C. Sept.* 21*st* 1832 99-tf.

**12,000** Lbs. prime green Coffee,
10 hhds. Sugar,
10 do. Molasses,

Just received and for sale low for cash or country produce, by HENRY HORN.
*January* 15. 15-tf.

## Nails.

*Just received from the Boston Iron Company,*

**100** kegs NAILS, assorted, from 4d to 20d.

For sale by

THO. SANDFORD & CO.
*February* 19. 20tf.

## *Factorage and Commission* BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having *for the present*, opened an Office at his Dwelling House, on the corner of Dick and Russell streets, and provided himself with Warehouses in Campbellton, is prepared to carry on his business as usual.

All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded, as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other businesspertaining to a general commission agency.

He will also attend to the offering for discount, renewal and payment of notes at the different Banks in this place, *to which branch of his business he will pay particular attention*, and flatters himself, that from his general knowledge of the business of the place, he will be able to give satisfaction to his employers.

JOSEPH BAKER.

Just received from
*And for sale at E. J. Hale's*
(THE ONLY AGENT FOR FAY
MORRISON'S P
*The Hygeian Universal*
*British College of*
Which, by removing all obstr
testines; thoroughly cleansing th
more purity to the Blood, and
its *free circulation*; strikes at the
es, and is good in all cases, gi
and strength. Price one dollar

A Servant W
TO hire, who may be consid
Apply to
*June* 24, 1833. C.

A PIANO FORTE for sale.
*June* 24, 1833. C.

NEW FALL AND
GOOD
P. DAL
IS now receiving from New York
his Fall and Winter supp
consists of
DRY GOO
*Groceries, Hardware,*
*HATS, SHOES, IRON*
*WARE, &c. &c.*
All of which he will sell on
terms. Country Merchants a
to call and examine for themse
N. B. A good assortment
ING CLOTHS, kept constant
15th Oct., 1832.

ains! Barg
Cheap &
CAPS, BOOT
RASOLS, STOC
SUSPENDERS
'S TRIMMING
R, BRIDLE &
RIDLES, &c.,
s Hats, assorted
thick pegged B
Russet do
Kip do
do do
fine calf Boots,
do do do. 2d
do do do. 3d
the largest that has
this Market, and whic
genuine, and are determined to
possible terms, Physicians and
are invited to call and examine
will be promptly attended to.
Physicians put up at the shorte
*Oct.* 1.

FOR Sal
119 KEGS WHITE LE
102 Gall. Lamp Oil,
2000 lbs. Glauber Sa
200 lbs. Chloride Li
1 bale Hops,
1 carboy Aquafortis,
1 do Sulphuric A
7 Hampers Black B
Linseed, Train and S
Glass 8x10 and 10x1
Ink Powder and L
Noyes',
Red and coloured
Syrup Sassaparilla a
Swaim's Panacea,
Indelible Ink,
Maccasar and Bear's O
Peppermint and Bonese
Chlorine Tooth-wash, a
cle for cleansing the T
Osborne's Superior Wate
ple and Mahogany
Superior Hair, Clothes
White-wash Br
Surgeon and Dentist I
quality,
Hull's, Eberlee's and
Shop Furniture, Cru
vaporating D
Patent Medicines,
*ALSO*
Almonds, Raisins, Filber
nuts.
October 2.

NOTI
MR. DANIEL SUTHERLA
my Agent for the collecti
Accounts due to me, with ins
indiscriminately, by legal proc
fail to pay on first application
WM

NEW S
I OFFER for sale at my Store,
Market Square, Person-st.,
Sole and Upper Leather,
Skirting and Harness do.
Hog Skins,
Best Philadelphia Calf Ski
Cochineal, Blue and Black
Facing, Padding and Sho
Common and Coarse Shoe
tail,
Fine and Wool Hats,
Shoe Thread, and Black
Men's Shoe Lasts, assorted
Together with a general assor

Sugar and
JUST received, by the late
GOODS
Which we offer on very accom
**10** Hhds. Porto Rico and
bright and a good
3 do. and 10 bbls. Copp
2 do. Jamaica 4th proof
30 bags high scented Rio
20 do. Porto Rico
35 do. St. Domingo
10 bbls. Jamaica
10 Bags Pepper and Spice,
5 quarter Cassia Sweet
5 do. Marseilles
3 do. Teneriffe
50 Kegs Cut Nails, assorte
20 bbls. N. E. Rum,
10 do. Apple Brandy, very
Cotton Baggin, Saltpetre,
WILL
*Fayetteville, October* 22, 183

Cape Fear & Yadkin
PURSUANT to the provisions
gislature of North Carolina,
incorporate the Cape Fear and
Company," the undersigned Com
ed by the said Act, *Give Notice*,
scription to the Capital Stock of
will be opened at the Court Hou
8th instant, and continued open a
Fear in Fayetteville, after that d
tice.

DUNCAN MAC RAE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
ROBERT STRANGE,
ALEXANDER ELLIOTT
*Fayetteville, May* 7, 1833.